COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



Matagorda County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2016

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KRISTEN E. KUBECKA COUNTY AUDITOR

MATAGORDA COUNTY 1700 SEVENTH STREET, ROOM 326 BAY CITY, TEXAS 77414-5095 (409) 244-7611

Honorable District Judges of Matagorda County and Honorable Members of the Matagorda County Commissioners Court:

Chapter 114.025 and chapter 115.045 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas requires the issuance within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a licensed certified public accountant. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Matagorda County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Matagorda County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Matagorda County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Matagorda County's financial statements have been audited by Harry Afadapa & Associates, PC, certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the year ended December 31, 2016, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, are presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first item in the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Matagorda County was part of the broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Matagorda County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of the report includes selected financial and demographic information, which is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF MATAGORDA COUNTY

The County of Matagorda, created in 1836 is rich in history and tradition. The County is located between Galveston and Corpus Christi along the Gulf Coast and enjoys a diversity of geography from its wide expanse of prairies to the many creeks, rivers, lakes, bays and Gulf of Mexico. Matagorda County occupies an area of 1,115 square miles and serves an estimated population of 36,702. The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. Neighboring counties are Brazoria, Wharton and Jackson.

The County operates as specified under the Constitution of the State of Texas and Vernon's Texas Code Annotated, which provide for a Commissioners Court consisting of the County Judge and four County Commissioners, one from each of four geographical precincts. The Commissioners Court is the governing body of the County. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term and the Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years.

The Commissioners Court has certain powers granted to it by the state legislature. Its duties include adoption of the budget, setting of the tax rates, approval of contracts, appointment of certain county officials and the development of policies and orders. The Commissioners Court shares the financial controls of the County with the County Auditor who is appointed according to Texas State statutes for two year terms by the District Judges. The County Auditor holds the basic responsibilities for establishing accounting policies and procedures, maintaining the records of all financial transactions of the County, and "examining and approving" disbursements from county funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for payment.

Matagorda County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local governmental units. These include volunteer fire departments, libraries and the museum. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, and bailiffs. Other functions performed by the County include juvenile services, maintaining public health and welfare and the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.

BUDGET

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained at the subtotal level of the County budget for the following categories: Personnel, Operating Costs, Capital Outlay and Debt. Expenditures for current operating funds may not exceed available cash balances in such funds at January 1, plus the estimate of revenues for the ensuing year. At any time during the year, Commissioners Court may increase the budget for unexpected revenues, expenditures, or actual beginning fund balances in excess of budgeted estimates, provided that Commissioners Court declares the existence of an emergency necessitating the increase. All annual budget appropriations lapse at year end with the exception of the commissioner's budgets. Prior to year end, the commissioners commit a portion of unrestricted General Fund balance for the unspent portion of their precinct budgets. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system for the general fund as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The long term financial plans of the county consist of continued infrastructure improvement for roads and bridges and efforts to explore avenues for enhanced economic growth. The commissioners' court adopted an updated tax abatement policy to aid in negotiations with potential industrial clients and to continue to attract growth for Matagorda County.

Additional appropriations for courthouse maintenance and repairs were approved to preserve our capital assets to ensure they reach their potential life expectancy.

LOCAL ECONOMY

An understanding of the financial condition of Matagorda County is enhanced though a perspective of the environment in which the County operates. Matagorda County's primary economic bases include utilities, petrochemical processing, transmission, agriculture, commercial fishing and tourism. Matagorda County has outstanding opportunities for industry growth because of its location and proximity to the Gulf of Mexico, the Colorado River and the Gulf Intercoastal Canal waterway as well as rail accessibility.

For several years, Matagorda County has partnered with the South Texas Project Nuclear Operating Company (STP) in providing Emergency Preparedness Training and Operations Drills for the safety of its citizens. This contract is not only financially favorable to the County, but has also provided invaluable emergency preparedness skills and a network of cooperation between the County leaders and departments and its industry neighbors. Through a joint partnership with the South Texas Project and Wharton County Junior College, the South Texas Center for Energy Development continues to serve as a career center for staffing at STP and also offers classes focusing on process-technology and power-technology programs to train students for work at chemical, industrial and nuclear plants.

Matagorda Regional Medical Center (MRMC) serves the community at its 117,000 square-foot facility located on 45 acres of land on Texas 35 west. This two-story acute care hospital has 58 patient rooms, offers expanded services, and attractive and comfortable patient and visitor areas. A 40,000 square foot medical office building on the MRMC campus provides a two-story Diagnostic Center for outpatient testing as well as physician clinic space.

The economic outlook for Matagorda County remains positive for the future. Tenaris continues construction of a seamless steal pipe manufacturing plant that will have an approximate value of \$1.8 billion. This plant will bring 600 jobs to the county and is expected to be operational in 2017. Dunn Heat Exchanger is now fully operational. This plant cleans, decontaminates, repairs, and fabricates heat exchangers and has brought new employment opportunities to the County. Construction continues on multiple new hotels in Bay City. The County hopes that with these additions more business opportunities will follow. The South Texas Project Nuclear Operating Company continues toward its plans to build two additional units at the site in the near future. Although the expansion has been delayed while the industry recovers from the aftermath of the nuclear disaster in Japan, the preparation continues. The future construction would bring temporary jobs to the community and upon completion provide approximately 1,000 permanent jobs to Matagorda County. Tourism continues to grow as Matagorda's coastline is developed and discovered by those who enjoy fishing, beach and river activities or just relaxing.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County has adopted an investment policy as required by state law and in conformity with state investment statutes. The investment policy as adopted by the County employs the prudent person concept in that priorities were established as to the investment vehicles the County would use. Compliance with the laws of the State of Texas and Safety were established as first priorities, followed by liquidity, low risk and diversification with an active versus passive management philosophy maintaining high professional and ethical standards. The County Treasurer is responsible for administering all of the investment of idle funds in the County. For the last

several years, the County's depository has provided better interest rates than comparable liquid investments. During the fiscal year, the County earned approximately \$0.17 million interest on the funds invested.

In 2011 the County established a Fund Balance Policy in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, adopting new classifications of fund balance, the method for committing fund balance and setting the order in which resources will be expended.

The County is responsible for establishing its tax rate. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the tax rate to finance general governmental services was \$0.39568 per \$100 valuation and the tax rate for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt was \$0.00680 per \$100 of valuation.

In addition, the County also has the following financial policies:

- The Commissioners Court of the County shall formally adopt the annual budget prepared by the Budget Officer, members of the Commissioners' court and the County Auditor.
- Expenditures are controlled not to exceed available resources. All elected officials and department heads are required to keep expenditures within allocated budgets.
- Balanced financial operations will be maintained. Adequate internal accounting controls are developed and maintained to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.
- The County continues its effort on the replacement and upgrade of software when needed and it has provided funding when possible.
- Delivery of service to the constituents.
- Restrain the debt issuance to keep the tax rate low.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Matagorda County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The County has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 13 consecutive years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to members of the Commissioners' Court and to the District Judges for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and professional manner. The timely completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Office of County Auditor and the professional services provided by our independent Auditor, Harry Afadapa & Associates, P.C.

Respectfully submitted,

Kristen Kubecka, County Auditor Matagorda County, Texas

Knisten Kubeeka

June 26, 2016



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Matagorda County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

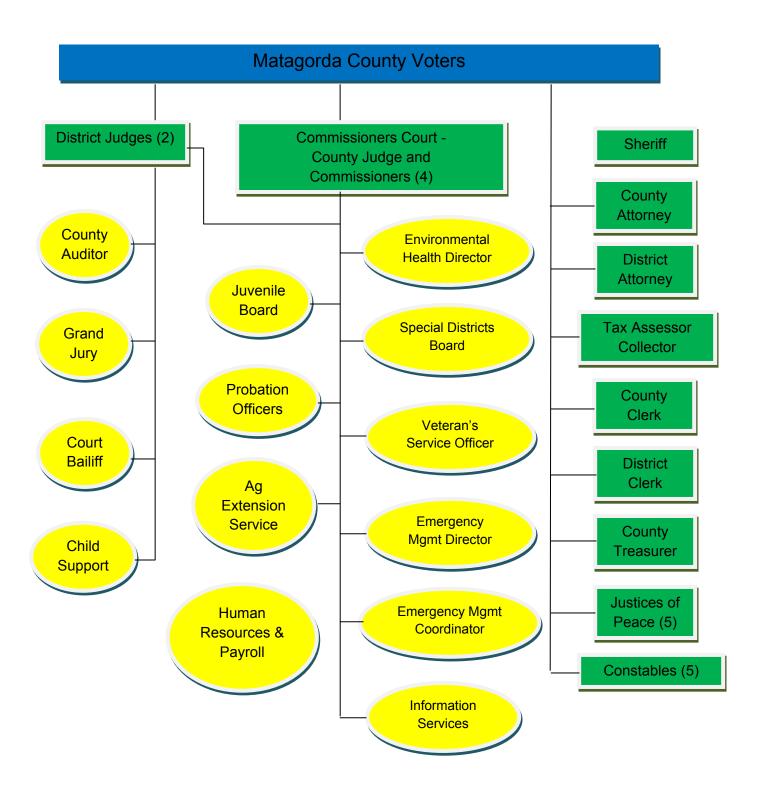
Executive Director/CEO



MATAGORDA COUNTY Organization Chart

Elected Officials

Appointed Officials



LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIAL DECEMBER 31, 2016

Constable, Precinct #6

Elected Officials

Judge, 23rd Judicial District Ben Hardin Judge, 130th Judicial District Craig Estlinbaum County Judge Nate McDonald Commissioner, Precinct #1 Gary Graham Commissioner. Precinct #2 Kent Pollard Commissioner, Precinct #3 James Gibson Commissioner, Precinct #4 Charles Frick County Sheriff Frank Osborne

County Sheriff Frank Osborne
County Attorney Denise Fortenberry
District Attorney Steven Reis
County Tax Collector Cristyn Hallmark
County Clerk Jame Grantz
County Treasurer Tammy McDonald

Justice of Peace, Precinct #1

Justice of Peace, Precinct #2

Justice of Peace, Precinct #3

Amy McDonald

William Pendergraft

Suzan Thompson

Amy Tapia

Justice of Peace, Precinct #4

Justice of Peace, Precinct #6

Constable, Precinct #1

Constable, Precinct #2

Constable, Precinct #3

Pat Jewell

Constable, Precinct #4

Pete Medina

Tom Ward

Appointed Officials

County Auditor Kristen Kubecka **Court Bailiff** Bill Orton Child Support Marlene Wells Ag Extension Agent **Brent Batchelor Environmental Health Director** Lisa Krobot Veterans Service Officer Jason Sanders **Emergency Management Director** Nate McDonald **Emergency Management Coordinator Doug Matthes** Information Services Chris Peikert

Human Resources & Payroll Director Carmen Andrews





Harry Afadapa & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 2300 Avenue I Bay City, Texas 77414 (979) 245-7361 ~ www.afadapa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the To the Commissioners Matagorda County 1700 Seventh Street Bay City, Texas 77414

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Matagorda County ("the County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Matagorda County as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of County pension contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Matagorda County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* Subpart F-- Audit Requirements (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2017 on our consideration of Matagorda County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Matagorda County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Harry Afadapa & Associates, PC

Bay City, Texas June 26, 2017



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

This discussion and analysis of Matagorda County's financial performance provides a narrative overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The information presented here should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Matagorda County's finances in a manner similar to private sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Matagorda County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year using full accrual basis of accounting. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave and uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish between functions of Matagorda County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, justice, public safety, corrections and rehabilitation, health and human services, community and economic development, and infrastructure and environmental services.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Matagorda County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *current sources and uses of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The County maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund. Data from the other fifteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds. *Proprietary funds* provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Internal Service Fund (a type of proprietary fund) is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses an internal service fund to account for its self-funded health insurance program. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The County uses agency funds to account for various assets held for the benefit of others.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes disclose other pertinent information that, when taken in whole with the financial statements, provide a more detailed picture of the state of the finances of the County.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The combining statements and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The County's net position for the years ending December 31, 2016 and 2015 are summarized as follows:

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S NET POSITION

		2016	 2015	Variance
Current and other assets	\$	39,481,850	\$ 38,760,258	\$ 721,592
Capital Assets		23,804,822	24,617,256	(812,434)
Total assets	,	63,286,672	 63,377,514	 (90,842)
Total deferred outflow of resources		4,998,873	 2,162,857	 2,836,016
Current and other liabilities		4,196,010	2,671,100	1,524,910
Long-term liabilities		20,705,654	17,222,206	3,483,448
Total liabilities		24,901,664	 19,893,306	 5,008,358
Total deferred inflow of resources		18,639,108	 16,885,835	 1,753,273
Net investment in capital assets		20,110,391	23,077,392	(2,967,001)
Restricted for debt service		24,040	21,643	2,397
Restriced for construction		1,450,337	2,714,092	(1,263,755)
Restricted for legislative purposes		918,876	711,765	207,111
Unrestricted		2,241,129	2,236,338	4,791
Total net position	\$	24,744,773	\$ 28,761,230	\$ (4,016,457)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Current assets increased by \$721,592 resulting from a combination of increases and decreases. Investments category increased over \$3.8 million. Taxes receivable increased over \$900 thousand due in part to delinquent unpaid taxes from Tres Palacios Gas Storage, LLC pending results of a property valuation lawsuit as well as an increase in the tax rate. Other receivable, however, decreased by over \$700 thousand. Cash and cash equivalents decreased over \$2.6 million and prepaid decreased over \$500 thousand.

Deferred outflow of resources increased by over \$2.8 million to account for the increase in Pension liabilities under GASB 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Pension". Noncurrent liabilities increased overall by \$3,483,448 of which over \$1.1 million pertains to GASB 45 and \$2.9 million represents the continued implementation of GASB 68.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Matagorda County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,744,773 at the close of the most recent fiscal year with a positive balance in all categories. Eighty-one percent (81%) of the County's net position, \$20,110,391, reflects its net investment in capital assets. The County uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

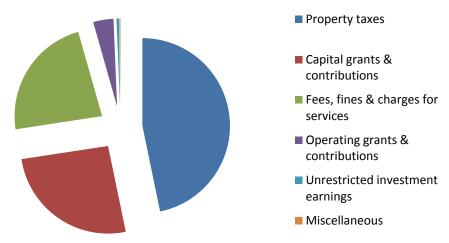
	_	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	 Variance
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$	5,303,071	\$ 7,513,364	\$ (2,210,293)
Operating grants and contributions		1,065,975	1,225,197	(159,222)
Capital Grants and Contributions		7,100,204	8,441,394	(1,341,190)
General revenues:				
Property taxes		16,392,558	15,272,676	1,119,882
Miscellaneous		144,532	46,471	98,061
Unrestricted investment earnings		173,033	167,131	5,902
Total revenues		30,179,373	32,666,233	(2,486,860)
Expenses:				
General government		4,594,032	4,140,190	453,842
Justice system		4,008,884	3,837,068	171,816
Public safety		4,404,045	4,014,643	389,402
Corrections & rehabilitation		2,692,576	2,417,196	275,380
Health and human services		1,450,050	1,411,815	38,235
Community & economic development		1,210,022	1,303,273	(93,251)
Infrastructure and environmental svs.		8,580,302	6,850,164	1,730,138
Intergovernmental		7,130,930	1,620,146	5,510,784
Interest on debt		124,987	154,903	(29,916)
Total expenses		34,195,828	25,749,398	 8,446,430
Increase (decrease) in net position	-	(4,016,455)	 6,916,835	 (10,933,290)
Net position - beginning		28,761,230	21,844,395	6,916,835
Net position - ending	\$	24,744,775	\$ 28,761,230	\$ (4,016,455)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

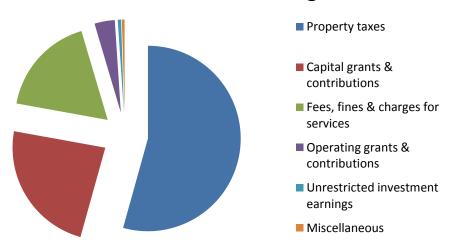
Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$4,016,455 compared to a prior year increase of \$6,916,835. The following are some of the more significant factors contributing to the decrease net change in position:

- Charges for various services decreased by \$2,210,293; primarily due to a \$549,146 decrease in Emergency Response Fee and an estimated \$800,000 decrease in court fines and fees.
- Property taxes increased by \$1,119,882, however due to a refund in the amount of \$357,785 pertaining to the Tres Palacios Gas Tax Lawsuit a larger increase was not incurred.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased overall as a result of the conclusion of Community Development Block Grant funds for the \$4.6 million Sargent Road Hardening project, \$1.4 million for Hawkins Stevens Road project, and \$376,747 Palacios Sewer Improvement project coupled with a \$5.5 million dollar increase in passthrough grants to sub recipients.
- As a result of the increase in intergovernmental pass-through grants to sub recipients noted above, the related intergovernmental function costs increased.
- Infrastructure and environmental service costs were up due in large part to depreciation expense. The prior year over \$7.7 million of new assets were depreciated for a partial year, whereas 2016 recognized a full year of depreciation.

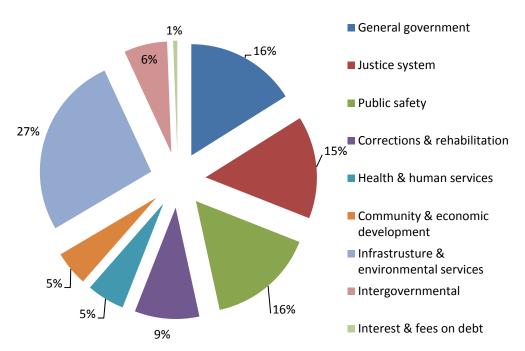
2015 Revenue Percentages



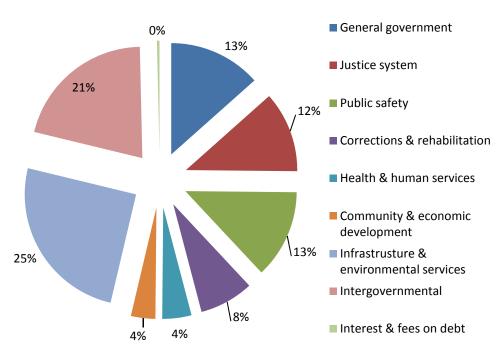
2016 Revenue Percentages



2015 Expense Percentages



2016 Expense Percentages



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund accounting and budget controls has been the framework of the County's strong fiscal management and accountability.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are reported in the General, Intergovernmental, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on current sources, uses, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in determining the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,297,148. Approximately 68% of this amount (9.1 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is divided among committed fund balance of \$1,436,849, restricted fund balance of \$2,395,215 and non-spendable fund balance of \$408,330. The County's ability to spend each of these types of fund balance is more limited than with unassigned fund balance, and the limitations on spending are discussed more fully in the notes to the financial statements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$9,056,754, while total fund balance was \$10,901,933. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 40% of total general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 48% of that same amount.

The fund balance of Matagorda County's general fund increased by \$552,558 compared to a net increase of \$151,905 the prior year. Overall, revenue and other sources were up by \$1,359,949 while expenditures were down by \$226,051. Following are some of the more significant factors noted:

- Tax revenue was up by \$2,566,091. As discussed earlier, this is due to the increased tax rate when compared to prior year.
- Intergovernmental revenue was down by \$729,904. This is a result of a decrease in federal and state grant funds for the year.
- Decrease in Charges for Services by 553,623 due primarily to reduction in emergency response fee.
- Expenditures decreased by \$226,051 with no significant impact in any one function.

Proprietary funds. The County has only one proprietary fund type which is an internal service fund. This internal service fund is used to account for a self-funded health insurance program. The fund for 2016 had an operating loss of \$383,920 as compared to last year's loss of \$365,076. Premium revenue increased slightly to help defray the rising costs of healthcare.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Commissioners' Court approved increases to budgeted operating revenue of \$1,561,584 and appropriations of \$3,880,667. The most significant revenue amendment was to intergovernmental revenue of \$972,459, including approval of CIAP and Emergency Management grants, with corresponding appropriations. Upon completion of the audit, the prior year committed funds were allocated to the four precincts current year budgets for an overall total of \$1,788,128. Emergency building repairs from fund balance were also added to the current year in the amount of \$412,095.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2016 amounts to \$23,804,822 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; buildings and improvements; equipment and vehicles; and infrastructure for roads and bridges. Overall, the capital assets decreased by \$812,432.

The following table lists the County's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of December 31, 2016

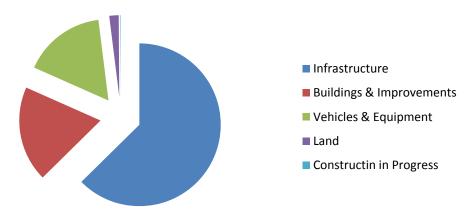
MATAGORDA COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balances				Balances
	12/31/2015	Decreases	12/31/2016		
Land	\$ 1,349,101	\$ 7,250	\$	-	\$ 1,356,351
Construction in Progress	81,571	807,028		-	888,599
Infrastructure	45,485,406	855,695		879,245	45,461,856
Buildings and improvements	13,815,272	652,212		-	14,467,484
Vehicles and equipment	11,905,218	727,227		372,793	12,259,652
	72,636,568	3,049,412		1,252,038	74,433,942
Less accumulated depreciation	(48,019,314)	(3,204,286)		594,480	(50,629,120)
	\$ 24,617,254	\$ (154,874)	\$	657,558	\$ 23,804,822

Some of the more significant transactions are noted below:

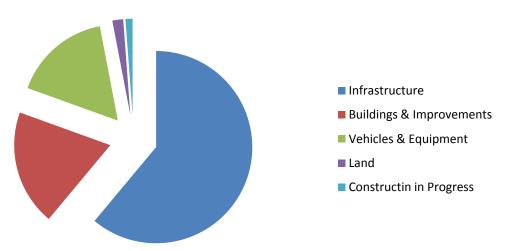
- Purchase of equipment for road construction, and road replacement of \$855,695.
- Purchase of new truck, police cars and other equipment of over \$708,000.
- Depreciation expense and adjustments of \$3,204,286. The prior year partially depreciated over \$7 million in infrastructure, whereas a full year's depreciation is captured in 2016.

2015 Capital Assets at Cost



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

2016 Capital Asset Breakdown



Additional information of Matagorda County's capital assets can be found in note D of this report.

Long-term debt. The County's long-term debt consists of certificates of obligation for County-wide facility improvements, capital leases for software and equipment, accumulated net post-employment benefits (retiree health insurance) and net pension liabilities.

The following table lists the County's long-term debt as of December 31, 2016

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT

		Balances					Balances
	_	12/31/2015	Increases	_	Decreases	_	12/31/2016
Certificates of obligatioin	\$	2,930,000	\$ -	\$	180,000	\$	2,750,000
Capital leases		1,359,864	-		415,433		944,431
Compensated absences		349,695	253,536		227,851		375,380
Net OPEB obligation		8,810,570	2,479,406		1,329,276		9,960,700
Net pension obligation		3,714,767	3,822,138		916,055		6,620,850
Issuance Premium		57,310	-		3,016		54,294
	\$	17,222,206	\$ 6,555,080	\$	3,071,631	\$	20,705,655

Some of the more significant transaction for the year include:

- Pay off a certificate of obligation for facility improvements in 2016.
- Continued Implementation of GASB 68 mentioned earlier related to the recognition of net pension obligation at year end.
- Continued amortization and recognition of net post-employment health insurance obligation at year end.

Additional information on Matagorda County's long-term debt can be found in note F of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and controlled use of the County's resources. Through the budget the County Commissioners set the direction of the County, allocate its resources and establish its priorities. The 2017 budget was adopted August 29, 2016 with General Fund expenditures of \$22,954,335 and a revenue budget or \$22,954,335.

The Commissioners' Court adopted a maintenance and operation tax rate of .41998 per \$100 assessed valuation. The court also adopted an interest and sinking tax rate of .00443.

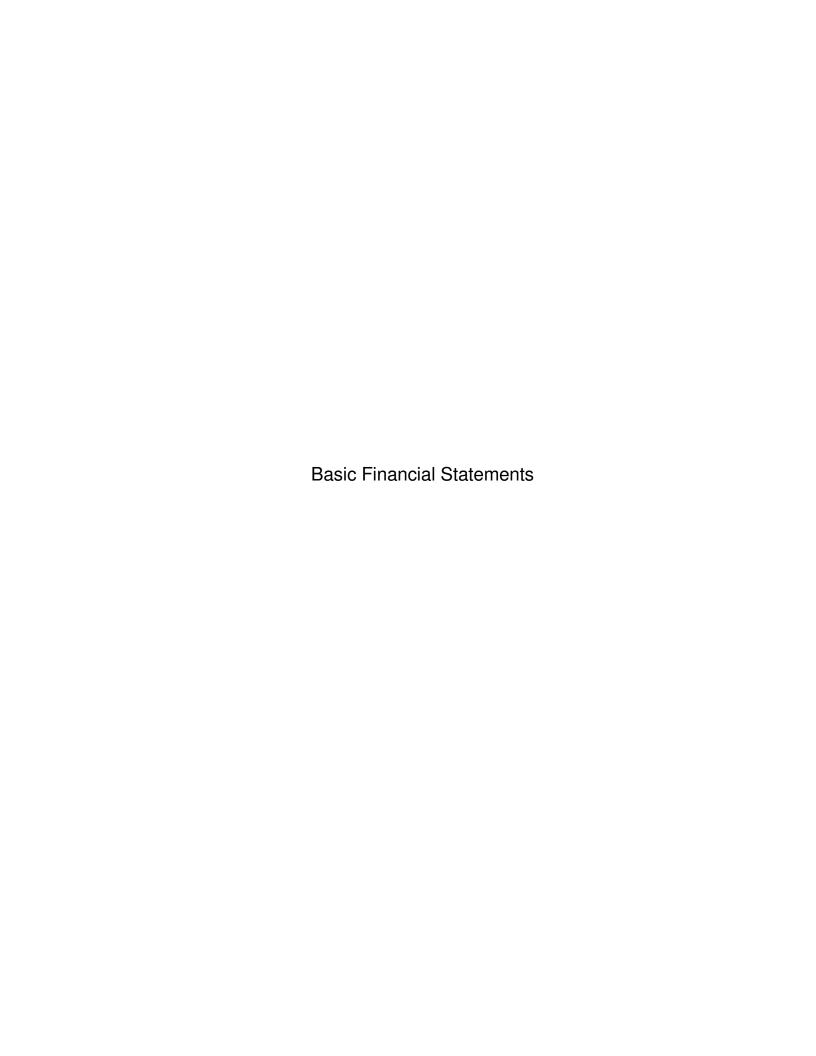
The main factors affecting the 2017 Budget were as follows:

- A decrease in budgeted revenue for emergency response fee in the amount of \$192,978.
- An increase in expected tax revenues in the amount of \$1,032,836 as a result of increased values and rates.
- An increase in budgeted payroll and benefits; 5% for employees excluding elected and appointed officials.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Matagorda County Auditor, 1700 7th Street, Room 326, Bay City, Texas 77414, or call (979) 244-7611.







STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,962,457
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	15.010.540
Taxes	15,912,540
Escrow	25,485
Other	4,795,596
Prepaid items	408,330
Due from other governments	15,438
Interest receivable	26,383
Purchased interest receivable	426
Investments	10,335,195
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	4 050 050
Land	1,356,350
Construction in progress	888,600
Buildings	7,943,710
Improvements	202,904
Infrastructure	9,370,877
Equipment	4,042,381
Total Assets	63,286,672
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
	4 000 070
Deferred ouflow of pension resources Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	4,998,873
Total Deletted Outliow of Resources	4,998,873
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,847,314
Accrued payroll	206,537
Claims payable	125,920
Due to other governments	1,100,420
Due to others	419,366
Accrued interest payable	41,802
Unearned revenue	396,717
Escrow reserves	57,934
Noncurrent Liabilities:	37,304
Due within one year	526,443
Due in more than one year	20,179,211
Total Liabilities	24,901,664
Total Elabilities	24,501,004
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unearned revenue - current taxes	18,106,179
Pension related	532,929
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,639,108
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,110,391
Restricted For:	
Debt Service	24,040
Construction	1,450,337
Legislative Purposes	918,876
Unrestricted	2,241,129
Total Net Position	\$ 24,744,773

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

					Pro	ogram Revenue	es			Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs Government Activities:		Expenses	_	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	_(Capital Grants and Contributions	-	Governmental Activities
General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Intergovernmental Interest and fees on debt Total governmental activities Total Primary Government	\$ \$	4,594,032 4,008,884 4,404,045 2,692,576 1,450,050 1,210,022 8,580,302 7,130,930 124,987 34,195,828 34,195,828	\$ - \$_	1,373,609 248,067 2,821,947 179,924 72,149 214,760 392,615 5,303,071 5,303,071	\$ - \$_	20,406 512,737 269,703 89,680 43,847 31,173 98,429 1,065,975 1,065,975	\$ 	 92,682 21 7,007,501 7,100,204 7,100,204	\$	(3,200,017) (3,248,080) (1,312,395) (2,422,972) (1,377,901) (858,733) (8,156,493) (25,000) (124,987) (20,726,578) (20,726,578)
	Pro Mis Un To Cl Net F	eral Revenues: operty taxes ocellaneous restricted invest otal General Re change in Net Po Position - Beginn Position - Ending	venu sitio ning	es					- - - \$_	16,392,558 144,532 173,033 16,710,123 (4,016,455) 28,761,228 24,744,773

Net (Expense)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General Fund		,	Inter Governmental Grants	C	Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	_		_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,441,369	\$		\$	3,122,297	\$	6,563,666
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):								
Taxes		15,731,117				181,423		15,912,540
Escrow		25,485						25,485
Other receivables		4,013,163		746,699		24,898		4,784,760
Prepaid items		408,330						408,330
Due from other governments		15,438						15,438
Due from other funds		10,498						10,498
Interest receivable		26,383						26,383
Purchased Interest receivable		426						426
Investments		10,335,195						10,335,195
Total Assets	\$_	34,007,404	\$_	746,699	\$	3,328,618	\$_	38,082,721
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	614,004	\$	746,699	\$	424,630	\$	1,785,333
Accrued payroll		206,537						206,537
Due to other governments		424,869				1		424,870
Due to other funds						10,498		10,498
Due to others		353,057				66,309		419,366
Unearned revenue		1,253,973				201,000		1,454,973
Escrow reserves		57,934						57,934
Total Liabilities	_	2,910,374	_	746,699		702,438		4,359,511
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - delinquent taxes		2,286,718				33,165		2,319,883
Unearned revenue - current taxes		17,908,379				197,800		18,106,179
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	20,195,097	_			230,965		20,426,062
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Non-spendable:								
Prepaid items		408,330						408,330
Restricted for:								
Captial projects						1,450,337		1,450,337
Debt service						26,002		26,002
Legislative purposes						918,876		918,876
Committed for:								
Precincts		1,436,849						1,436,849
Unassigned		9,056,754	_					9,056,754
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		10,901,933	_			2,395,215		13,297,148
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	34,007,404	\$	746,699	\$	3,328,618	\$_	38,082,721

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet \$	13,297,148
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP. Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for certificates of obligation which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Other post employment benefits which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the fur Certificat of obligation premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds. Court fines receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Recognition of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	23,804,823 2,319,883 410,360 (944,431) (41,802) (2,750,000) (375,380) (9,960,700) (54,293) 1,194,071 (6,620,850) (532,929) 4,998,873
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position \$	24,744,773

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

DEVENUE	_	General Fund	-	Inter Governmental Grants	_	Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		10 5 15 000				007.004		40.000.700
Taxes	\$	16,545,809	\$		\$	287,891	\$	16,833,700
Licenses and permits		770,097						770,097
Intergovernmental		810,442		7,130,930		362,814		8,304,186
Charges for services		4,168,743				262,612		4,431,355
Fines		429,327						429,327
Investment income		169,004				4,029		173,033
Miscellaneous	_	310,611		<u></u>	_	32,476		343,087
Total revenues	-	23,204,033	-	7,130,930	_	949,822	_	31,284,785
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		3,517,014				1,302,487		4,819,501
Justice system		3,336,936				203,850		3,540,786
Public safety		3,820,322				1,328		3,821,650
Corrections and rehabilitation		2,267,636				188,068		2,455,704
Health and human services		1,342,124						1,342,124
Community and economic development		1,072,840				2,015		1,074,855
Infrastructure and environmental services		5,980,068						5,980,068
Intergovernmental				6,442,116				6,442,116
Capital outlay		880,611		688,814				1,569,425
Debt service:								
Principal		414,965				180,000		594,965
Interest and fees on debt		39,459				88,405		127,864
Total expenditures	_	22,671,975		7,130,930	_	1,966,153		31,769,058
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	532,058	-		_	(1,016,331)	_	(484,273)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		27,500				7,000		34,500
Transfers out		(7,000)				(27,500)		(34,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	20,500			_	(20,500)		
Net change in fund balances		552,558				(1,036,831)		(484,273)
Fund balances - beginning		10,349,375				3,432,046		13,781,421
Fund balances - ending	. \$_	10,901,933	\$		\$	2,395,215	\$	13,297,148
. and addition officing	Ψ_	. 0,001,000	Ψ		Ψ=	2,000,210	Ψ=	. 5,257,110

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$	(484,273)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:	
(SOA) are different because.	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	2,999,964
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(3,861,845)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	49,448
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(441,142)
Repayment of certificate of obligation principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA	180,000
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	415,433
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	(607)
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(383,920)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	(25,684)
Revenues in the SOA for court fines not providing current financial resources are not reported in the funds.	(713,718)
Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	3,016
Change in joint venture equity is not reported in the funds.	(1,150,130)
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(602,997)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities \$_	(4,016,455)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2016

DEGEMBERTON, 2010	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund	
		Insurance
		Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	662,090
Other receivables		10,836
Total Assets	\$	672,926
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Claims payable Deferred revenue Total Liabilities	\$	831 125,920 135,815 262,566
NET POSITION Unrestricted Total net position	\$	410,360 410,360

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

TOTAL TEATHER BEST BEST TOTAL TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE OF	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
	Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Employer contributions	\$ 3,070,813
Employee contributions	202,620
Retiree/Cobra contributions	107,331
Special district contributions	177,418
Total Operating Revenues	3,558,182_
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administrative expenses	547,090
Retiree premiums	340,936
Claims expense	2,288,072
Prescriptions	770,033
Total Operating Expenses	3,946,131
Operating Income (Loss)	(387,949)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest revenue	4,029
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	4,029
Change in Net Position	(383,920)
Total net position - beginning	794,280
Total net position - ending	\$ 410,360

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	_	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
		Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from external users Cash payments for administration Cash payments for claims Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	3,211,232 308,576 (918,332) (3,066,715) (465,239)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interfund loan		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	_	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACIVITIES: Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital & Related Financing Activities	_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		4.000
Interest and dividends on investments Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	_	4,029 4,029
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	φ_	(461,210) 1,123,300 662,090
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPEARTING ACTIVITIES:	$\Psi_{=}$	002,090
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Change in Assets and Liabilities:	\$_	(387,949)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		23,827
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		27,819 (58,125)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in interfund balance		(56,125)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(8,610)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	_	(62,201)
Total Adjustments	_	(77,290)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$_	(465,239)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,665,326
Total Assets	\$	3,665,326
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governments	\$	955,869
Due to others		2,709,457
Total Liabilities		3,665,326
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		
Total Net Position	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business- type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

2. Reporting entity

Matagorda County was established in 1836 by the Republic of Texas. Commissioners elected from each of four precincts serve as the governing body with the elected County Judge as the head of this body. The Commissioners and County Judge oversee all functions of general government applicable to the County as provided by state statutes.

The County's basic financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The County evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements using the criteria as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." Based on these criteria, the County has no component units. Additionally, the County is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

3. Basis of presentation – government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are Interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government- wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government- wide financial statements. The County allocates indirect expenses in the statement of activities based on the prior year functional totals at the government-wide level.

4. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category— governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The CDBG Disaster Recovery fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements related to the Texas Community Development grant for recovery from residentially declared disasters to rebuild the affected areas and provide crucial seed money to start the recovery process.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for health benefits provided to County employees, retirees and dependents. Contributions to the fund consist of charges to the participating entities for covered employees along with contributions from employees and retirees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The agency fund accounts for District Clerk, County Clerk and Inmate trust funds held for the benefit of others and the Tax Assessor Collector funds collected on behalf of others.

During the course of operations the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

5. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The proprietary fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

6. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and following special revenue funds: district attorney legal/law, sheriff & jail discretionary, county clerk presevation & automation, countywide records management preservation, courthouse security, justice court technology, district clerk records management preservation and county & district court technology. Other

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and category. The department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a category; however, transfers of appropriations between categories require the approval of Commissioners Court. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the category level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments) Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, the four precinct unexpended budgets in the general fund are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to action by Commissioners Court.

7. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

Cash and cash equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments for the County are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the position in Government Investment Pool (Pool). In accordance with state law, the Pool operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the Pool qualifies as a 2a7-like pool and is reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method. The Pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the State Treasurer, although it is not registered with the SEC.

The Public Funds Investment Act and local policy authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the US Treasury, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, mutual funds and public funds investment pools. Investments for the District are reported at fair value. Public funds investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the County chose to include items from 1980 forward as permitted by GASB. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the County constructs or acquires

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	15-40
Buildings	40-60
Improvements	10-20
Vehicles & office equipment	3-8
Other Equipment	5-20

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category The deferred outflows of resources calculated in the actuarial pension study required by GASB 68 and the current year pension payments are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The items unavailable" and unearned" revenue are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and only "unearned" in the government-wide statement of net position. The "unavailable" source represents the uncollected delinquent taxes receivable while the "unearned" represents the October 1 tax levy used to finance next years budget. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available and earned for governmental funds and earned for government-wide.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Matagorda County Drainage District #1 Employees Pension Plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The County does not have any items that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken, the adoption of a resolution to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Although Commissioners Court has not authorized another to assign fund balance, they may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The unassigned fund balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

8. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Compensated absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the County and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to the County and employees for health insurance. Operating expenses for the internal service fund includes the cost of medical claims, prescriptions and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

B. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Cash deposits with financial institutions

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the requirements of the Public Funds Collateral Act, it is the policy of The County to require full collateralization of all County investments and funds on deposit with a depository bank, other than investments, which are obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies and instrumentalities. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level will be 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest on the deposits or investments less an amount insured by the FDIC. The County's cash deposits at December 31, 2016 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Investments:

All investments made by the County were within the guidelines provided in Government Code 10 (Chapter 2256), Public Funds Investment Act (short title), and subject to such other restrictions as may be imposed by the Commissioners Court by resolution or order, the Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas.

The County's investment at December 31, 2016 are shown below.

	Weighted Avg				
Investment or Investment Type	Maturity in yrs	Rating		Fair Value	Portfolio %
Certificates of Deposit	0.39	FDIC	\$	1,716,036	10.66%
State Agencies	0.11	AA+		481,368	2.98%
US Agencies	1.71	AA+		7,479,887	46.45%
US Agencies	0.15	Not Rated		657,904	4.09%
Total Investments			_	10,335,195	
Money Market Funds (included in cash)	0.00 2.36	FDIC	\$_	5,767,728 16,102,923	35.82% 100.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Analysis of specific deposit and investment risks:

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District values its investments using Level Analysis of specific deposit and investment risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit Risk - the risk that an issurer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfil its obligations. It is the policy of the County to only invest in securities meeting the minimum rating by the Public Funds Investment Act and local policy. The Investment Officer will monitor, on at least a weekly basis, the credit rating and should that rating fall below accepted levels; the Investment Officer will immediately advise the County of the loss of rating and the possible loss of principal. The Investment Officer and the County shall take all prudent measures consistent with this policy to liquidate any investment that does not have at least the minimum required rating.

Interest Rate Risk - the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County limits its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution. County policy will be that the maximum allowable stated maturity of an individual investment for operating funds shall not exceed five years, unless a temporary extension of maturities is approved by the Board of Directors. The maximum average maturity shall be two years.

Concentration of Credit Risk - the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. Invested funds shall be diversified to minimize risk or loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, specific issuer, or specified class of securities. The asset allocation in the portfolio should, however, be flexible depending upon the outlook for the economy and the securities markets. Diversification strategies shall be established and reviewed. annually. At a minimum, diversification standards by security type and issuer shall be:

Security Type	Max % of Portfolio
US Obligations	Not to exceed 80%
US Agencies/Instrumentalities	Not to exceed 80%
State Obligations	Not to exceed 80%
State Agencies/Instrumentalities	Not to exceed 80%
Certificates of Deposits (including Brokered CDs)	Not to exceed 40%
Commercial Paper	Not to exceed 25%
Repurchase Agreements	Not to exceed 40%
Money Market Funds	100%
Local Government Investment Pools	100%

C. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the major funds and the nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

			Inter-Gov'tal		Nonmajor	
		General	Grants		Governmental	Totals
Taxes	\$	15,882,698 \$		-\$	181,851 \$	16,064,549
Less allowance		(151,581)			(428)	(152,009)
	\$_	15,731,117 \$		\$	181,423 \$	15,912,540
Other Receivables	\$	1,186 \$		\$	1,012 \$	2,198
Taxes and Tax Statements		2,307,496				2,307,496
Grants			746,699	9	23,886	770,585

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Insurance Recoveries				
Fines and Fees	9,531,998			9,531,998
Less allowance	(7,827,517)			(7,827,517)
	\$ 4,013,163 \$	746,699 \$	24,898 \$	4,784,760

With the exception of property taxes, fines and fees, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

		Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities:		Balances	Increase	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					_
Land	\$	1,349,101 \$	7,250 \$	\$	1,356,351
Construction in Progress		81,571	807,028		888,599
		1,430,672	814,278		2,244,950
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure		45,485,406	855,695	879,245	45,461,856
Buildings and improvements		13,815,272	652,212		14,467,484
Vehicles and equipment		11,905,218	727,227	372,793	12,259,652
Total capital assets being depreciated		71,205,896	2,235,134	1,252,038	72,188,992
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure		34,239,165	2,046,746	194,932	36,090,979
Buildings and improvements		6,018,542	298,323	(4,005)	6,320,870
Vehicles and equipment		7,761,607	859,217	403,553	8,217,271
Total accumulated depreciation		48,019,314	3,204,286	594,480	50,629,120
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	23,186,582	(969,152)	657,558	21,559,872
Governmental activities capital assets, 1\$	\$	24,617,254 \$	(154,874)	657,558 \$	23,804,822

Depreciation expense of \$3,204,286 and net asset disposals of \$657,558 were charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 195,278
Justice system	180,981
Public safety	189,357
Corrections and rehabilitation	114,011
Health and human services	66,590
Community and economic development	61,471
Infrastructure and environmental services	3,054,157
	\$ 3,861,845

E. Interfund Balances and Activity

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 10,498

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. With the exception of \$50 which represents imprest funds, all interfund balances are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

F. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2016, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	_						
Certificates of Obligation	\$	2,930,000 \$		\$	180,000 \$	2,750,000	105,000
Capital leases*		1,359,864			415,433	944,431	351,253
Compensated absences *		349,695	253,536		227,851	375,380	70,190
Net OPEB Obligation*		8,810,570	2,479,406		1,329,276	9,960,700	
Net Pension Liability**		3,714,767	3,822,138		916,055	6,620,850	
Issuance Premium		57,310			3,016	54,294	
Total governmental activities	\$_	17,222,206 \$	6,555,080	\$_	3,071,631 \$	20,705,655 \$	526,443

^{*} The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

^{**} Beginning balance restated for the effects of GASB 68, see footnote Q.

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Capital leases	Governmental	General
Compensated absences	Governmental	General
Net OPEB Obligation	Governmental	General
Net pension liability	Governmental	General

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at December 31, 2016, are as follows:

Certificates of obligation of \$1,515,000, issued August 15, 2006 bearing interest at 4.69% and maturing March 15, 2016 were issued for the purpose of jail expansion, and was paid off in 2016.

Certificates of obligation of \$2,750,000, issued August 24, 2015 bearing interest at 3.0%-3.50% and maturing March 15, 2035 were issued for the purpose of county-wide improvements. This obligation has \$2,750,000 balance at year-end.

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending December 31,		Principal	Interest	Total			
2017	\$	105,000 \$	84,563 \$	189,563			
2018		110,000	81,338	191,338			
2019		115,000	77,963	192,963			
2020		115,000	74,513	189,513			
2021		120,000	70,288	190,288			
2022-2026		675,000	296,815	971,815			
2027-2031		780,000	187,777	967,777			
2032-2036		730,000	51,757	781,757			
Totals	\$_	2,750,000 \$	925,014 \$	3,675,014			

G. Lease Obligations

The County entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of road equipment valued at \$755,600. The equipment has a twenty year estimated useful life with year to date depreciation of \$58,843. These lease agreements qualify as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2015 were as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	G	overnmental
Year ending December 31,		Activities
2017	\$	378,828
2018		264,144
2019		263,808
2020		95,003
Total minimum lease payments		1,001,783
Less: amount representing interest		(57,352)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	944,431

H. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the County obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities via interlocal agreement and forming a risk pool ("Pool"). The Pool is a legally separate entity operating as a common risk management and insurance program and is administered by TriStar Risk Management. The Pool provides third party liability, public officials liability, automobile liability, workers compensation, blanket crime coverage and property coverage. The County pays an annually determined premium to the pool for its share of the above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. Latest audited financial statements for the self-insured pool can be obtained by contacting PO Box 327, Bay City, Tx 77404-0327.

The County continues to carry insurance for other risks of loss through a group purchasing cooperative. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

TCDRS is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system. The system serves 677 actively participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, employers have the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on their needs and budgets. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year Basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees (except temporary staff) of a participating employer must be enrolled in the plan.

Benefits

The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits. Employees with 8 years of continuous service are eligible to retire at age 60, at any age with 30 years of services or when age plus years of service total 75. The service or disability retirement benefit is calculated based on the employee's account balance and employer matching as selected by the employer, and may include other employer provided funds. Current deposits are matched at a ratio of 2:1, or \$2.00 for every \$1.00. The

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

employee's account and employer provided funds are combined and converted to a lifetime annuity. The retiree receives a payment every month for the rest of his or her life by choosing from one of seven actuarially equivalent payment options. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At December 31, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	187
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	146
Active employees	231
	564

Contributions

TCDRS is a model for responsible, disciplined funding. TCDRS does not receive any state funding. As an agent, multiple-employer plan, each participating employer in the system funds its plan independently. A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions and investment income.

The deposit rate for employees is 7% of compensation, as adopted by the Board of Directors.

Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The County contribution rate was 14.77% for 2015 and 14.80% for 2016.

Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Pursuant to state law, employers participating in the system must pay 100% of their actuarially determined required contributions on an annual basis. Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience.

In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate 3.00% Long-term expected Invest Rate of Return 8.10%

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.5% (made up of 3.0% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.4% per year for a career employee.

Mortality rates were based on the following: (a) depositing members - the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both with the projection scale AA; (b) service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members - the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with the projection scale AA, with a one-year set-forward for

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

males and no age adjustment for females; and (c) disabled retirees RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males with no age adjustment and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females with a two-year set-forward, both with the projection scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2016 information for a 7-10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2013 for more details.

Geometric Real

	Target	Rate of Return (expected minus
Asset Class and Benchmark	Allocation	Inflation)
U.S. Equities - Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.50%	5.45%
Private Equity - Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index	14.00%	8.45%
Gobal Equities - MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.75%
International Equities - Developed - 50% MSCI World ex USA (net) + 50% MSCI World ex USA 100% Hedged to USD (net) Index	10.00%	5.45%
International Equities - Emerging - 50% MSCI EM Standard (net) Index + 50% MSCI EM 100% Hedged to USD (net) Index	8.00%	6.45%
Investment Grade Bonds - Barclays Capital Agg Bond Index	3.00%	1.00%
High Yield Bonds - Citigroup High Yield Cash Pay Capped Index	3.00%	5.10%
Opportunistic Credit - Citigroup High Yield Cash Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.09%
Direct Lending - Citigroup High Yield Cash Pay Capped Index	5.00%	6.40%
Distressed Debt - Citigroup High Yield Cash Pay Capped Index	3.00%	8.10%
REIT Equities - 67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/ NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	3.00%	4.00%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) - Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.80%
Private Real Estate Partnerships - Cambridge Assoc Real Estate Index	5.00%	6.90%
Hedge Funds - Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Comp Index	25.00%	5.25%
	100.00%	80.19%

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position e compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease))
	_	Fotal Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Postion (b)	Net Position Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2014	\$	49,456,273 \$	45,741,506 \$	3,714,767
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		1,061,295		1,061,295
Interest on total pension liability		3,949,923		3,949,923
Effect of plan changes		(163,313)		(163,313)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(710,572)		(710,572)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		559,506		559,506
Refund of contributions		(156,470)	(156,470)	
Benefit payments		(2,712,077)	(2,712,077)	
Administrative expenses			(32,500)	32,500
Member contributions			592,700	(592,700)
Net investment income			252,706	(252,706)
Employer contributions			1,250,595	(1,250,595)
Other			(272,745)	272,745
Balances as of December 31, 2015	\$_	51,284,565 \$	44,663,715	6,620,850

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in		Current	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate I		Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	_	(7.10%)	(8.10%)	(9.10%)
Total pension liability	\$	57,216,217 \$	51,284,564	\$ 46,302,827
Fiduciary net position		44,663,715	44,663,714	44,663,715
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	12,552,502 \$	6,620,850	\$ 1,639,112

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

For the year ended December 31, 2016 the County recognized pension expense of \$730,484. At December 31, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	314,814 \$	532,929
Changes in actuarial assumptions		419,630	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,075,646	
Contributions paid to TCDRS subsequent to the measurement date		1,188,783	
Total	\$_	4,998,873 \$	532,929

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	Pension
December 31	Exp Amount
2016	\$ 916,055
2017	916,055
2018	758,648
2019	686,404
2020	
Thereafter	

J. Other Postemployment Benefit (OBEB) Obligations

Plan Description

The County, through its substantive commitment to provide other post-employment benefits (OPEB), maintains a single-employer defined benefit plan to provide certain postretirement healthcare benefits to all retired employees who qualified under the Texas County District Retirement System and are currently receiving retirement (pension) income. Such benefits are not available to members' spouses or dependents; rather, only to former employees as previously described. Specific details of the Plan include the provision of certain hospitalization, major medical insurance and prescription drug coverage. These benefits are provided through insurance companies. The County is under no statutory or contractual obligation to provide these postretirement healthcare benefits. Because

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

the Plan consists solely of the County's firm commitment to provide OPEB through the payment of premiums on behalf of its eligible retirees, no stand-alone financial report is either available or generated.

Funding Policy

The County pays the cost of the postemployment health care benefits for retirees during the life of the retiree. Retirees may elect to continue health care benefits for their spouse and family at their own expense. Substantially all of the government's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the government. The plan is financed on a pay as you go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the County, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of 30 years. The following table illustrates the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 2,176,039
Interest on prior year net OPEB obligation	303,367
Amortization of prior year net OPEB obligation	(430,076)
Total annual OPEB cost	2,049,330
Contributions made	(899,200)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,150,130
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	8,810,570
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 9,960,700

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

		Actual	Percentage of	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year	Annual	Employer	Annual OPEB	Obligation
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contribution	Cost Contributed	End of Year
12/31/14 \$	2,205,973 \$	726,505	33% \$	7,584,165
12/31/15 \$	2,049,330 \$	822,925	40% \$	8,810,570
12/31/16 \$	2,049,330 \$	899,200	44% \$	9,960,700

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was not funded. The actuarial present value of accrued liability for past and future service benefits equaled \$20,408,335 which represents 70.30% of the present value of all projected benefits of \$29,030,094. There were \$0 in actuarial valued assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the same. The total payroll (annual payroll of active emloyees) was \$6,658,306 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll equaled 306.51%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, is to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. However, because the County maintains no Plan assets, information relative to Plan asset required disclosures is not applicable.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

the County and Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the County and Plan members to that Point. There are no legal or contractual funding limitations that would potentially affect the projection of benefits for financial accounting purposes. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The annual required contribution rate for the plan was determined as part of the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation using the following methods and assumptions:

Project ur	nit cost
Level, ope	en
30 years	
	3%
None	
	1%
None	
None	
	9%
	4%
	Level, ope 30 years None

K. Health Care Coverage

During the year ended December 31, 2014 employees of the County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County contributed monthly per employee, spouse, child and family to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents in excess of the County contribution. All contributions were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the self-funded pool. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the County and the third party administrator is renewable October 1, 2017, and terms of coverage and contribution costs are included in the contractual provisions. In accordance with state statute, the County was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss by stop-loss coverage carried through Texas Association of Counties Health Employee Benefit Program and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Stop-loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$100,000 and for aggregate loss. Other governmental entities and/or their employees contributed to the self-insurance pool which was operated under contractual provisions of Article 4413(32c), Interlocal Cooperation Act. Each member to the extent its benefit plan is self-insured, remains responsible for the payment of benefits under the benefit plan in the event HEBP fails to make such payments.

The internal service fund is funded by charges to the County's other funds and other governmental units and is based upon a predetermined fixed amount per employee, spouse, child and family. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The County considers claims paid in the three months following the fiscal year end to be a reasonable estimate of claims liability.

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the past three years are as follows:

	2014	2015	2016
Unpaid claims, beginning	\$ 157,736 \$	157,736 \$	134,530
Claims incurred	1,913,435	1,988,120	2,236,363
Claims paid	(1,957,151)	(2,011,326)	(2,244,973)
Unpaid claims, ending	\$ 114,020 \$	134,530 \$	125,920

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

L. <u>Contingencies</u>

The County participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the government's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the government anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

The Appraisal District is currently defendant in a property valuation lawsuit for 2014 taxable values with Tres Palacios Gas Storage, LLC. The remaining uear has not been settled at this time. It is the opinion of counsel the result could have a material fiscal impact on the County, but the amount is indeterminable at this time.

M. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions. The County stopped receiving waste prior to October 9, 1993 at over 90% capacity used and officially closed in July, 2007. Post-closure costs are subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology and/or changes in applicable laws and regulations and are expected to be nominal for the next five years after certification of the completion of closure. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in these financial statements.

N. Interfund Transfers

During the year, nonmajor governmental funds transferred \$27,500 in resources to the general fund to reimburse for supplemental pay using specially earmarked funds and the general fund transferrred \$7,000 to nonmajor governmental funds to supplement resources.

O. Jointly Governed and Related Organizations

1 The County is accountable for the following related organizations in that they appoint the Commissioners:

Matagorda County Conservation & Reclamation District

Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1

Matagorda County Drainage District No. 2

Matagorda County Drainage District No. 3

Matagorda County Drainage District No. 4

Matagorda County Hospital District

The County is not financially accountable for the above organizations nor does the County's accountability for these organizations extend significantly beyond making the appointments. Accordingly, financial information for these entities is excluded from the County's financial statements. Latest audited financial statements for these entities may be obtained by writing 1700 7th Street, Room 302, Bay City, Tx 77414-5091.

2 The Adult Probation division is operated as a multi-county department doing business as 23rd Judicial District Community Supervision and Correction Department (CSCD) Matagorda and Wharton Counties. The CSCD services both Matagorda and Wharton Counties with each county providing required office space for the operations of the Department and substantially all of the Department's funding provided by the State.

The Department's board consists of the two District Judges for Matagorda and Wharton Counties. Matagorda County is not able to appoint a voting majority to the Department's board or otherwise impose its will. The Department is not fiscally dependent on Matagorda County since the County's role is ministerial in nature. As a result, the Department is considered to be legally separate from Matagorda County and thus not a part of the reporting entity of Matagorda County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

P. Fund Balance

In the November 28, 2011 mintues, the Commissioners agreed to commit fund balances for each of the four precincts unspent budgeted funds at year end to be added to the subsequent years approved budget upon completion of the audit.

The following schedule presents details of restricted net position for legislative purposes at December 31, 2016:

	Other		
	Go	Governmental	
		Funds	
Restricted for legislative purposes:			
District attorney legal/law	\$	112,577	
Sheriff & jail discretionary		58,099	
County clerk preservation & automation		514,136	
Countywide records management preservation		32,021	
Courthouse security		61,577	
Justice court technology		16,918	
District clerk records management preservation		60,008	
County & district court technology		54,320	
Historical commission		9,220	
	\$	918,876	

Q. Property Tax Abatement

The County is authorized to provide tax abatement benefits in accordance with the Texas Property Redevelopment, and Tax abatement Act, chapter 312 of the Texas Tax code.

The County entered into property tax abatement agreements for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses, and creating 600 full-time jobs by December 31, 2017. Tax abatements on property tax was granted on assessed land valued at \$3,891,608 for 2013 tax year by the County to a company for twenty-five (25) years, and granted for commitment of building a new steel pipe production plant valued at a minimum of \$1.314 billion in value. If agreement commenced as intended, the abatement period would be for the property tax years 2015 through 2040. The County agreed to recapture a prorated amount of abated taxes if these conditions are not met through the "Claw-back" payment clause. The County's agreement determines the percentage amount and duration of the tax abatement, which is not to exceed twenty-five years. In the case of the company exceeding the Job target, the District committed to providing an additional "Surplus Job Credit" incentive to the company.

For the property tax period ended December 31, 2016, the County abated property taxes totaling \$1,443,353 under this agreement, which is the percentage the County considers to be material for purposes of individual disclosure:

Type Business	Purpose	Percent Abated	Property Value
Pipe Manufacturing Company	To create 600 jobs and build a \$1.314 Billion steel pipe plant in the district	99% \$	343,671,852

Required Supplementary Information		
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	y the	Governmental



	_	Budgete Original	d Ar	nounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_		_		-	7.000	-	(11094110)
Taxes	\$	16,316,786	\$	16,316,786	\$	16,545,809	\$	229,023
Licenses and permits		790,100	•	790,100	•	770,097	-	(20,003)
Intergovernmental		332,050		1,693,187		810,442		(882,745)
Charges for services		4,059,451		4,084,181		4,168,743		84,562
Fines		375,000		375,000		429,327		54,327
Investment income		150,000		150,000		169,004		19,004
Miscellaneous	_	84,000	_	259,717	-	310,611	_	50,894
Total revenues	_	22,107,387	_	23,668,971	_	23,204,033	_	(464,938)
EXPENDITURES								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT								
County Judge:								
Personnel		208,540		213,540		213,736		(196)
Operating costs		8,300		9,100		8,411		689
Total County Judge	_	216,840	_	222,640	_	222,147	_	493
Commissioners Court								
Personnel		40,364		40,364		40,248		116
Operating costs		102,500		163,015		159,168		3,847
Total Commissioners Court	_	142,864	_	203,379	_	199,416	_	3,963
Information Services:								
Personnel		141,894		141,894		141,328		566
Operating costs		266,111		271,778		266,123		5,655
Capital outlay		12,000		6,333		6,333		
Total Information Services	_	420,005	_	420,005	_	413,784	_	6,221
County Courthouse:								
Personnel		86,377		86,377		82,147		4,230
Operating costs		256,372	_	261,643		235,690		25,953
Total County Courthouse		342,749	_	348,020	_	317,837	_	30,183
County Office Building:								
Operating costs		110,800		110,800		95,165		15,635
Capital outlay				412,095		157,945		254,150
Total County Office Building	_	110,800	_	522,895	_	253,110	_	269,785
Unallocable by Department:								
Insurance		104,099		95,159		87,622		7,537
Appraisal fees		44,155		46,018		46,018		
Retiree Insurance		267,365		275,322		348,000		(72,678)
Other costs	_	248,547	_	19,528	_	202	_	19,326
Total Unallocable by Department	_	664,166	_	436,027	_	481,842	_	(45,815)
County Clerk:								
Personnel		352,608		357,608		361,678		(4,070)
Operating costs	_	34,000	_	30,000		26,414	_	3,586
Total County Clerk		386,608	_	387,608	_	388,092	_	(484)

	Budgeted <i>I</i>	Amounte		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
County Auditor:				
Personnel	440,714	373,508	366,997	6,511
Operating costs	22,400	19,600	17,913	1,687
Capital outlay Debt		77,282	40,379 32,493	36,903
Total County Auditor	32,493 495,607	32,493 502,883	457,782	45,101
rotal county reactor				
Human Resources:				
Personnel		171,875	152,926	18,949
Operating costs		14,300	12,749	1,551
Total Human Resources		186,175	165,675	20,500
County Treasurer:				
Personnel	151,203	157,107	157,428	(321)
Operating costs	12,575	15,005	15,287	(282)
Total County Treasurer	163,778	172,112	172,715	(603)
Consist Districts				
Special Districts Personnel	1,949			
Operating costs	1,550			
Total Special Districts	3,499			
Total Operation				
County Tax Assessor Collector:				
Personnel	583,577	583,577	537,693	45,884
Operating costs Total Tax Assessor Collector	78,900	78,900	68,323	10,577
Total Tax Assessor Collector	662,477	662,477	606,016	56,461
Elections:				
Personnel	22,934	35,563	31,886	3,677
Operating costs	27,000	43,101	43,862	(761)
Debt	95,003	95,003	95,002	1
Total Elections	144,937	173,667	170,750	2,917
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	3,754,330	4,237,888	3,849,166	388,722
JUSTICE SYSTEM				
District Court:				
Personnel	204,507	205,442	205,254	188
Operating costs	56,050	56,050	43,458	12,592
Total District Court	260,557	261,492	248,712	12,780
County Court: Operating costs	19,500	22 272	22,708	664
Total County Court	19,500	23,372	22,708	664
Total County Court	19,500	23,372	22,700	
Court Expenses:				
Personnel	80,832	80,949	74,398	6,551
Operating costs	327,120	369,276	298,478	70,798
Total Court Expenses	407,952	450,225	372,876	77,349
Capital Trials Operating costs	69,410	61,110	41,631	19,479

	Pudgeted A	mounte		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budgeted A Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Total Captial Trials	69,410	61,110	41,631	19,479
Total Oapital Thais		01,110		15,475
District Clerk:				
Personnel	288,789	289,789	282,261	7,528
Operating costs	21,450	20,450	19,773	677
Total District Clerk	310,239	310,239	302,034	8,205
District Attorney:				
Personnel	602,425	621,633	618,983	2,650
Operating costs	62,750	80,111	58,722	21,389
Total District Attorney	665,175	701,744	677,705	24,039
rotal District Monroy		701,711		
County Attorney:				
Personnel	235,016	233,516	231,859	1,657
Operating costs	17,925	19,577	20,061	(484)
Total County Attorney	252,941	253,093	251,920	1,173
luction of the Decree #4				
Justice of the Peace #1 Personnel	161,059	160,559	161,863	(1,304)
Operating costs	10,800	12,500	12,163	(1,304)
Total Justice of the Peace #1	171,859	173,059	174,026	(967)
Total dustice of the Feace #1		170,000	174,020	(301)
Justice of the Peace #2				
Personnel	161,572	158,576	156,231	2,345
Operating costs	22,380	27,672	23,999	3,673
Total Justice of the Peace #2	183,952	186,248	180,230	6,018
L 11 D 110				
Justice of the Peace #3	455.005	450 505	450.040	500
Personnel	155,935	159,535	159,012	523
Operating costs Total Justice of the Peace #3	8,750	8,750	7,388	1,362
Total Justice of the Peace #3	164,685	168,285	166,400	1,885
Justice of the Peace #4				
Personnel	125,579	128,779	121,820	6,959
Operating costs	8,740	8,740	7,759	981
Total Justice of the Peace #4	134,319	137,519	129,579	7,940
Justice of the Peace #6				
Personnel	30,559	30,559	24,417	6,142
Operating costs	6,550	7,000	6,862	138
Total Justice of the Peace #6	37,109	37,559	31,279	6,280
Law Library:				
Operating costs	21,000	21,000	19,208	1,792
Total Law Library	21,000	21,000	19,208	1,792
•		,		
Child Support:				
Personnel	53,763	53,763	51,113	2,650
Operating costs	3,200	3,200	2,369	831
Total Child Support	56,963	56,963	53,482	3,481
Juvenile Probation Board:				
Personnel	37,506	47,306	47,155	151
i Giodinici	37,300	77,300	+ 1,133	131

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Total Juvenile Probation Board	37,506	47,306	47,155	151
Juvenile Probation:				
Personnel	48,462	48,462	45,194	3,268
Operating costs	218,250	228,140	209,789	18,351
Total Juvenile Probation	266,712	276,602	254,983	21,619
Unallocable by Department:				
Insurance	96,477	88,193	81,206	6,987
Appraisal fees	40,922	42,649	42,648	1
Autopsies	55,000	109,265	114,354	(5,089)
Retiree Insurance	121,247	124,856	124,800	56
Total unallocable by Department	313,646	364,963	363,008	1,955
TOTAL JUSTICE SYSTEM	3,373,525	3,530,779	3,336,936	193,843
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Constable Precinct #1:				
Personnel	21,319	21,319	21,318	1
Operating costs	13,120	11,361	2,835	8,526
Total Constable Precinct #1	34,439	32,680	24,153	8,527
Constable Precinct #2:				
Personnel	11,719	11,834	11,745	89
Operating costs	11,750	13,012	9,475	3,537
Total Constable Precinct #2	23,469	24,846	21,220	3,626
Constable Precinct #3:				
Personnel	14,779	14,779	12,781	1,998
Operating costs	4,730	6,704	4,489	2,215
Total Constable Precinct #3	19,509	21,483	17,270	4,213
				
Constable Precinct #4:	4 4 770	4 4 770	11010	400
Personnel	14,779	14,779	14,316	463
Operating costs	4,065	4,914	3,234	1,680
Total Constable Precinct #4	18,844	19,693	17,550	2,143
Constable Precinct #6:				
Personnel	21,319	21,319	21,219	100
Operating costs	9,000	9,884	9,880	4
Total Constable Precinct #6	30,319	31,203	31,099	104
County Sheriff:				
Personnel	2,523,508	2,707,795	2,671,856	35,939
Operating costs	433,550	406,199	345,265	60,934
Capital outlay	90,000	321,524	312,647	8,877
Total County Sheriff	3,047,058	3,435,518	3,329,768	105,750
Department of Public Safety:				
Operating costs	4,000			
Total Department of Public Safety	4,000			

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Game Wardens:	00.400	00.400	00.070	
Operating costs Total Game Wardens	33,400	33,400	33,378	<u>22</u> 22
Total Game wardens	33,400	33,400	33,378	22
Fire Protection:				
Operating costs	49,000	60,625	60,244	381
Total Fire Protection	49,000	60,625	60,244	381
Consumer Management				
Emergency Management: Personnel	134,799	134,799	134,838	(39)
Operating costs	37,020	215,273	161,063	54,210
Capital outlay		52,061	52,061	
Total Emergency Management	171,819	402,133	347,962	54,171
Unallocable by department:	100.040	00.070	04.004	7.000
Insurance	100,942	92,273	84,964	7,309
Appraisal fees Retiree insurance	42,816 167,880	44,622 172,877	44,622 172,800	 77
Total unallocable by department	311,638	309,772	302,386	7,386
rotal unanocubic by department				
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	3,743,495	4,371,353	4,185,030	186,323
CORRECTIONS & REHABILITATION				
County Jail:				
Personnel	1,788,353	1,788,353	1,733,260	55,093
Operating costs	468,020	468,020	425,153	42,867
Total County Jail	2,256,373	2,256,373	2,158,413	97,960
Adult Duebetien				
Adult Probation: Operating costs	2,500	2,500	2,400	100
Total Adult Probation	2,500	2,500	2,400	100
rotal riddle riddalon				
Unallocable by department:				
Insurance	60,777	55,558	51,156	4,402
Appraisal fees	25,779	26,867	26,867	
Retiree insurance	27,980	28,813	28,800	13
Total unallocable by department	114,536	111,238	106,823	4,415
TOTAL CORRECTIONS & REHABILITATION	2,373,409	2,370,111	2,267,636	102,475
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES				
Health Department:				
Personnel	293,943	292,443	282,517	9,926
Operating costs	47,935	134,729	75,882	58,847
Total Health Department	341,878	427,172	358,399	68,773
Animal Control:				
Personnel	85,181	85,181	78,002	7,179
Operating costs	92,951	92,951	85,962	6,989
Total Animal Control	178,132	178,132	163,964	14,168

	5			Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Mental Health:	Onginal	FIIIdI	Actual	(Negative)
Operating costs	35,419	35,419	35,419	
Total Mental Health	35,419	35,419	35,419	
Ambulance Service:				
Operating costs	597,275	592,575	592,575	
Total Ambulance Service	597,275	592,575	592,575	
All to Oil				
Aid to Others:	00.000	00.000	00.000	
Economic Action Committee	33,000	33,000	33,000	
Edith Armstrong Center	8,400	8,400	8,400	
Friends of the Elderly	10,900	10,900	10,900	
Cemetery	3,000	3,000	3,000	
Indigent Burials	2,000	9,000	3,550	5,450
Total Aid to Others	57,300	64,300	58,850	5,450
Veteran's Service Officer:				
Personnel	72,860	71,360	61,587	9,773
Operating costs	7,400	8,900	6,559	2,341
Total Veteran's Service Officer	80,260	80,260	68,146	12,114
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Unallocable by department:				
Insurance	35,498	32,450	29,879	2,571
Appraisal fees	15,057	15,692	15,692	
Retiree insurance	18,653	19,209	19,200	9
Total unallocable by department	69,208	67,351	64,771	2,580
TOTAL HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES	1,359,472	1,445,209	1,342,124	103,085
COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				
521 Park:				
Operating costs	5,000	5,000	4,775	225
Total 521 Park	5,000	5,000	4,775	225
Marine Department:				
Personnel	102,068	102,068	82,552	19,516
Operating costs	71,700	848,650	90,610	758,040
Total Marine Department	173,768	950,718	173,162	777,556
Aid to Others:				
Economic Development	60,000	63,897	63,897	
Bay City Library	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Palacios Library	66,000	66,000	66,000	
Matagorda County Museum	53,000	53,000	53,000	
Matagorda County Museum Matagorda Library	6,000	6,000	6,000	
Museum	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Service Center	3,591	3,591	3,591	
Total Aid to Others	392,591	396,488	396,488	
Agricultural Extension Service:				
Personnel	191,296	163,196	145,702	17,494
Operating costs	23,200	26,468	23,463	3,005
Total Agricultural Extension Service	214,496	189,664	169,165	20,499
. J.a		,		

	Budgeted /	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Hama Faanamist Caminas				
Home Economist Service: Personnel	141,517	142,414	112,548	29,866
Operating costs	5,500	5,435	4,607	29,800 828
Total Home Economist Service	147,017	147,849	117,155	30,694
County Fairgrounds:				
Personnel	42,729	42,729	42,574	155
Operating costs	76,100	86,100	79,454	6,646
Total County Fairgrounds	118,829	128,829	122,028	6,801
Unallocable by department:				
Insurance	32,769	29,954	27,581	2,373
Appraisal fees	13,899	14,486	14,486	
Retiree insurance	46,633	48,021	48,000	21
Total unallocable by department	93,301	92,461	90,067	2,394
TOTAL COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	1,145,002	1,911,009	1,072,840	838,169
INFRASTRUCTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES				
Transfer Station:				
Personnel	116,586	116,586	117,628	(1,042)
Operating costs	376,220	331,220	288,942	42,278
Total Transfer Station	492,806	447,806	406,570	41,236
Commissioner Precinct #1:				
Personnel	493,910	493,910	446,650	47,260
Operating costs	774,252	1,194,235	971,215	223,020
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000
Debt	75,899	75,899	75,595	304
Total Commissioner Precinct #1	1,344,061	1,769,044	1,493,460	275,584
Commissioner Precinct #2:				
Personnel	569,942	569,942	446,232	123,710
Operating costs	692,555	969,591	782,160	187,431
Capital outlay Debt	22,000 65,553	22,000 134,721	14,416 130,949	7,584 3,772
Total Commissioner Precinct #2	1,350,050	1,696,254	1,373,757	322,497
Commissioner Precinct #3:	550,005	FF0 00F	F 40, 000	10.000
Personnel	558,965 707.074	558,965	540,326	18,639
Operating costs Capital outlay	737,974 	1,137,594 23,000	686,841 22,678	450,753 322
Debt	52,906	52,906	52,906	
Total Commissioner Precinct #3	1,349,845	1,772,465	1,302,751	469,714
Commissioner Precinct #4:				
Personnel	469,225	496,868	409,261	87,607
Operating costs	808,557	1,126,554	839,301	287,253
Capital outlay		249,152	249,152	
Debt	67,480	67,480	67,479	1
Total Commissioner Precinct #4	1,345,262	1,940,054	1,565,193	374,861

	5			Variance with Final Budget
		d Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Right of Way Acquisition:				
Capital outlay		25,000	25,000	
Total Right of Way Acquisition		25,000	25,000	
Unallocable by department:				
Insurance	172,237	157,446	144,974	12,472
Appraisal fees	73,057	76,139	76,138	
Retiree insurance	223,841	230,502	230,400	102
Total unallocable by department	469,135	464,087	451,512	12,575
TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL SVCS	6,351,159	8,114,710	6,618,243	1,496,467
Total Expenditures	22,100,392	25,981,059	22,671,975	3,309,084
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	6,995	(2,312,088)	532,058	2,844,146
'		(2,012,000)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		07 501	07.500	(4)
Transfers out	(7,000)	27,501 (2,721,092)	27,500 (7,000)	(1) 2,714,092
Capital lease proceeds	(7,000)	(2,721,092) 72,907	(7,000)	(72,907)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,000)	(2,620,684)	20,500	2,641,184
i otal other illianding sources (uses)	(7,000)	(2,020,004)		
Net change in fund balances	(5)	(4,932,772)	552,558	5,485,330
Fund balances - beginning	10,349,375	10,349,375	10,349,375	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,349,370	\$ 5,416,603	\$ 10,901,933	\$ 5,485,330

TEXAS COUNTY DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS * NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MATAGORDA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S

		2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	2010	0	2009		2008		2007	×	2006
Total pension liability: Service cost	49	1.061.295 \$	1.037.018 \$;	€9	1	€9	<i>€</i> 9		49	;	49	;	€9	;	€9	;
Interest			3,723,454	;		;			1		ŀ		ł		;		1
Effect of plan changes		(163,313)		1		1		1	1		1		1		1		
Effect of economic/demographic																	
(gains) of losses		(710,572)	629,628	;		;		:	1		;		:		;		:
Changes of assumptions		559,506	:	ł		1		:	1		;		:		:		;
Benefit payments, including refunds																	
of employee contributions		(2,868,547)	(2,734,719)	;		;		;	;		:		;		;		
Net change in total pension liability		1,828,292	2,655,381	:					:		:	 	:				
Total pension liability - beginning		49,456,273	46,800,892	;		;		;	1		;		1		;		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	↔	51,284,564 \$	49,456,273 \$:	\$:	\$	\$ 	-	\$:	⊕	:	₩	:	\$	
Plan fiduciary net position:																	
Contributions - employer	↔	1,250,595 \$	1,149,603 \$;	↔	;	↔	\$!	↔	;	↔	;	↔	:	↔	;
Contributions - employee		592,700	537,553	;		;		:	1		;		;		:		:
Net investment income		252,706	2,975,354	1		1		:	1		1		;		:		;
Benefit payments, including refunds																	
of employee contributions		(2,868,547)	(2,734,719)	1		;		1	1		;		1		;		1
Administrative expense		(32,500)	(34,335)	1		;		1	1		;		1		;		;
Other		(272,745)	427,673	1		;		;	1		:		;		:		
Net change in plan fiduciary																	
net position		(1,077,791)	2,321,129	:		;		:	1		;		:		;		;
Plan fiduciary net position																	
- beginning		45,741,506	43,420,376	:		:		:	:		:		:		:		:
Plan fiduciary net position																	
- ending (b)	↔	44,663,715 \$	45,741,505 \$;	↔	1	↔	\$	1	↔	:	↔	:	↔	:	€	:
County's net pension																	
liability - ending (a) - (b)	ઝ	6,620,850 \$	3,714,768 \$:	&	:	8	⇔ `		\$:	\$:	&	:	\$	
Plan fiduciary net position																	
as a percentage of the total pension liability		87%	%60	1		1		;	1		;		;		1		
Covered-employee payroll	↔	8,467,148 \$	7,679,332 \$	ł	s	;	s	⇔	!	₩	1	€9	1	₩	;	€	;
County's net pension																	
liability as a percentage of		700/	700/														
covered-employee payroll		0/0/	40%	:		:		:	:		:		:		:		:

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

MATAGORDA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contribution	₩	1,250,595 \$	1,149,603 \$	1,039,449 \$	952,777 \$	\$ 220,096	\$ 066,246	872,032 \$	813,562 \$	\$ 266,997	743,511
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(1,250,595)	(1,149,603)	(1,039,449)	(952,777)	(960,831)	(947,990)	(872,032)	(813,562)	(765,997)	(743,511)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 ₩	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	 	 - -	 \$:	(94)\$	 	 	 	 	1
Covered-employee payroll	↔	8,467,148 \$	7,679,332 \$	7,542,912 \$	7,228,971 \$	7,547,030 \$	7,377,350 \$	7,095,458 \$	6,630,495 \$	6,273,523 \$	6,195,926
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.80%	15.00%	13.78%	13.18%	12.73%	12.85%	12.29%	12.27%	12.21%	12.00%
Notes to Schedule											
Valuation date:	Ac	Actuarially detern are reported.	Actuarially determined contribution are reported.	rates	are calculated as of	of December 31, two years prior to the	wo years prior	to the end of	the fiscal year	end of the fiscal year in which the contributions	contributions
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	ine co	ntribution rates:									
Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age	En lev 20 20 20 5-y 20 8:5 7-5 75 75 (a)	Entry age level-percentage-of-cove 20 year closed 5-year smoothed market 0 8.93%, average, includin 8.10%, net of pension pla Deferred members are a 75 and later, retirement is (a) Depositing members	Entry age level-percentage-of-covered-payroll basis over a closed period with a layered approach 20 year closed 5-year smoothed market 0 8.93%, average, including inflation 8.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of: a) age 60 b) earliest retirement eligibility. For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to occur immediately. (a) Depositing members the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table; (b) Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members The	basis over a closed particle of the state of the control of the co	sed period with uding inflation bability) at the lately.	asis over a closed period with a layered approach expense, including inflation tire (100% probability) at the later of: a) age 60 b) earliest retirement eligibility. For all eligible members occur immediately. Active Employee Mortality Table; (b) Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members The	ch b) earliest retiren stirees, beneficia	nent eligibility. Fcries and non-dep	or all eligible mer	nbers ages s The	

MATAGORDA COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

UAAL as a	Percentage of	Covered Payroll	((b-a)/c)	234.70%	239.70%	259.10%	306.51%
	Covered	Payroll	(c)	6,651,848	8,162,581	7,877,175	6,658,306
	nded	Ratio	(a/b)	\$	1	1	1
Unfunded	AAL	(NAAL)	(b-a)	15,613,31	19,565,06	20,408,33	20,408,33
				\$			
Actuarial Accrued	Liability (AAL)	Proj Unit Credit	(q)	15,613,317	19,565,090	20,408,335	20,408,335
Ac	_	_		S			
Actuarial	Value of	Assets	(a)	1	1	1	1
	Actuarial	Valuation	Date	01/01/2011 \$	01/01/2013	01/01/2015	01/01/2016

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Under GASBS No. 34, budgetary comparison information is required to be presented for the general fund and each major special revenue fund with a legally adopted budget. The County adopted a budget for the general fund using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The County did not adopt a budget for the CDBG Disaster Recovery major special revenue fund.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Information
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.



Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

District Attorney Legal/Law -- This fund is used to account for the transactions related to hot check fees of the district attorney's office, funds awarded to the County from forfeitures and state funds for the district attorney.

Sheriff & Jail Discretionary -- This fund is used to account for the transactions related to forfeited funds and inmate commissary sales.

County Clerk Preservation & Automation -- This fund is used to account for the fees collected by the County Clerk for preservation and automation.

Countywide Records Management & Preservation -- This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Clerk for records management and preservation.

Courthouse Security -- This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Court, District Court and JP Court for courthouse security.

Justice Court Technology -- This fund is used to account for fees collected by the District Clerk specifically for justice court technology.

District Clerk Records Management & Preservation --This fund is used to account for fees collected by the District Clerk for records management and preservation.

County and District Court Technology -- This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Clerk specifically for county and district court technology.

Intergovernmental Grants -- This fund is used to account for federal and state grants passed through to other governments.

Historical Commission Grant -- This fund is used to account for grant proceeds and local match for the purpose of conducting an historic resource survey in Matagorda County.

Matagorda Water and Sewer -- This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements related to the Texas Community Development Grant for the purpose of wastewater system improvements within the Matagorda County limits in Matagorda, Texas.

Local Emergency Planning -- This fund was created to account for the activities of the Matagorda County Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) which is to carry out those responsibilities specified by Public Law (PL) 99-499 and to implement other emergency plans or strategies as deemed appropriate.

Juvenile Probation Fund -- This fund is used to account for Texas Juvenile Probation Commission grant funds for administering the juvenile probation program.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

DECEMBER 31, 2016						Capital Projects		Takal
		Cassial		Debt		Fund		Total
		Special Revenue		Service	l.	Capital nprovements	_	Nonmajor overnmental
		Funds		Fund	"	Fund		Funds (See
ASSETS		i ulius	_	Tunu	_	Tunu		unus (See
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,193,200	\$	56,505	\$	1,872,592	\$	3,122,297
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	Ψ	1,130,200	Ψ	50,505	Ψ	1,072,002	Ψ	0,122,207
Taxes				181,423				181,423
Other receivables		1,012		23,886				24,898
Total Assets	\$	1,194,212	\$	261,814	\$	1,872,592	\$	3,328,618
10tal 71330t3	Ψ	1,104,212	Ψ_	201,014	$\Psi =$	1,072,002	Ψ =	0,020,010
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	2,375	\$		\$	422,255	\$	424,630
Due to other governments	•	_,1	•		*		*	1
Due to other funds		5,651		4,847				10,498
Due to others		66,309						66,309
Unearned revenue		201,000						201,000
Total Liabilities		275,336		4,847		422,255		702,438
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - delinquent taxes				33,165				33,165
Unearned revenue - current taxes				197,800				197,800
Total deferred inflows of resources				230,965				230,965
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted for:								
Captial projects						1,450,337		1,450,337
Debt service				26,002				26,002
Legislative purposes		918,876						918,876
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		918,876		26,002		1,450,337		2,395,215
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	1,194,212	\$	261,814	\$	1,872,592	\$	3,328,618



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

,					Projects		
		0		Dalat	Fund	Tota	
		Special Revenue		Debt Service	Capital Improvements	Nonm Governr	•
		Funds		Fund	Fund	Funds	
REVENUES	_	Fullus	_	Fullu	Fullu	Fullus	(366
Taxes	\$		\$	287,891	\$	\$ 28	37,891
Intergovernmental	*	362,814	Ψ				62,814
Charges for services		262,612					32,612
Investment income		3,704		325			4,029
Miscellaneous		32,476				3	32,476
Total revenues	_	661,606		288,216			19,822
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		38,732			1,263,755	1,30	2,487
Justice system		203,850				20	3,850
Public safety		1,328					1,328
Corrections and rehabilitation		188,068				18	38,068
Community and economic development		2,015					2,015
Debt service:							
Principal				180,000			30,000
Interest and fees on debt	_			88,405			38,405
Total expenditures	_	433,993	_	268,405	1,263,755	1,96	6,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	_	227,613	_	19,811	(1,263,755)	(1,01	6,331)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		7,000					7,000
Transfers out	_	(27,500)	_				27,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(20,500)	_			(2	20,500)
Net change in fund balances		207,113		19,811	(1,263,755)		36,831)
Fund balances - beginning	. —	711,763	. —	6,191	2,714,092		32,046
Fund balances - ending	\$_	918,876	\$	26,002	\$1,450,337	\$2,39	95,215

Capital

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	•	D	Sheriff & Jail iscretionary	County Clerk Preservation & Automation	
		_			
\$	121,738	\$	115,433	\$	514,781
					643
\$	121.738	\$	115.433	\$	515,424
T					
\$		\$	135	\$	1,288
			1		
	9,161		57,148		
	0 161		57 224		1,288
	9,101		37,334		1,200
			50.000		5 .4.400
					514,136
	112,5//		56,099		514,136
\$	121,738	\$	115,433	\$	515,424
	\$ \$\$	Attorney Legal/Law \$ 121,738 \$ 121,738 \$ 9,161 9,161 112,577 112,577	Attorney Legal/Law \$ 121,738 \$ \$ 121,738 \$ \$ 9,161 9,161 9,161	Attorney Legal/Law Discretionary \$ 121,738 \$ 115,433	Attorney Legal/Law & Jail Discretionary Property And Part of Street (And Part of Street) \$ 121,738 \$ 115,433 \$ \$ 121,738 \$ 115,433 \$ \$ 1 50 9,161 57,148 9,161 57,334 112,577 58,099 112,577 58,099

Re	countywide cords Mgmt reservation	ourthouse Security	 Justice Court echnology	Re	istrict Clerk cords Mgmt reservation	D	County & istrict Court echnology
\$	31,986	\$ 67,833	\$ 16,845	\$	59,963	\$	54,223
\$	35 32,021	\$ 119 67,952	\$ 73 16,918	\$	45 60,008	\$	97 54,320
\$	 	\$ 774 5,601 6,375	\$ 	\$	 	\$	
	32,021 32,021	 61,577 61,577	 16,918 16,918		60,008	_	54,320 54,320
\$	32,021	\$ 67,952	\$ 16,918	\$	60,008	\$	54,320

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

ACCETC	-	listorical mmission Grant		Juvenile Probation Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,320	\$	201,078	\$	1,193,200	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	Ψ	0,020	Ψ	201,070	Ψ		
Other receivables Total Assets	\$	9,320	\$	201,078	\$	1,012 1,194,212	
10tal /1830ts	Ψ	3,020	Ψ	201,070	Ψ	1,104,212	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	100	\$	78	\$	2,375	
Due to other governments Due to other funds						1 E 651	
Due to others						5,651 66,309	
Unearned revenue				201,000		201,000	
Total Liabilities		100		201,078		275,336	
		_				_	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Restricted for:							
Legislative purposes		9,220				918,876	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		9,220				918,876	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	9,320	\$	201,078	\$	1,194,212	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		District Attorney Legal/Law	_ Di	Sheriff & Jail iscretionary	County Clerk Preservation & Automation		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$		
Charges for services		34,843		7,746		153,221	
Investment income		328		25		2,026	
Miscellaneous				32,426		<u></u>	
Total revenues		35,171		40,197		155,247	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government						32,208	
Justice system		1,897					
Public safety				1,328			
Corrections and rehabilitation				17,405			
Community and economic development							
Total expenditures	_	1,897	_	18,733	_	32,208	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		33,274		21,464		123,039	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in							
Transfers out		(27,500)					
Total other financing sources (uses)		(27,500)			_		
Net change in fund balances		5,774		21,464		123,039	
Fund balances - beginning		106,803		36,635		391,097	
Fund balances - ending	\$	112,577	\$	58,099	\$	514,136	

R	Countywide ecords Mgmt Preservation		Courthouse Security	Justice Court Technology		Re	istrict Clerk cords Mgmt reservation	D	County & istrict Court echnology
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	12,147		20,231		8,278		10,718		15,428
	119		272		57		264		215
_	12,266		20,503	_	8,335		10,982		15,643
	870		5,654						
			3,034				5,098		4,349
							3,030		
_	870	_	5,654	_			5,098	_	4,349
	44.000		44.040		0.005		5.004		11 00 1
	11,396		14,849		8,335		5,884		11,294
	11,396		14,849		8,335		5,884		11,294
	20,625		46,728		8,583		54,124		43,026
\$	32,021	\$	61,577	\$	16,918	\$	60,008	\$	54,320

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

REVENUES	Historical Commission Grant	Juvenile Probation Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Intergovernmental	\$	362,814	\$ 362,814		
Charges for services			262,612		
Investment income	43	355	3,704		
Miscellaneous	50		32,476		
Total revenues	93	363,169	661,606		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:			00.700		
General government			38,732		
Justice system Public safety		192,506	203,850 1,328		
Corrections and rehabilitation		170,663	188,068		
Community and economic development	2,015	170,003	2,015		
Total expenditures	2,015	363,169	433,993		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(1,922)		227,613		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	7,000		7,000		
Transfers out			(27,500)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,000		(20,500)		
Net change in fund balances	5,078		207,113		
Fund balances - beginning	4,142		711,763		
Fund balances - ending	\$9,220	S	\$ 918,876		

DA LEGAL LAW SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

DEVENUES	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income	\$	45,665 400	\$	34,843 328	\$	(10,822) (72)
Total revenues		46,065		35,171		(10,894)
EXPENDITURES						
JUSTICE SYSTEM						
District Attorney: Operating costs Total District Attorney		17,624 17,624		1,897 1,897	_	15,727 15,727
TOTAL JUSTICE SYSTEM		17,624		1,897	_	15,727
Total Expenditures		17,624		1,897	_	15,727
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		28,441		33,274		4,833
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(27,500) (27,500)		(27,500) (27,500)	_	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	941 106,803 107,744	\$	5,774 106,803 112,577	\$ <u></u>	4,833 4,833

SHERIFF & JAIL DISCRETIONARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	13,021 100 38,000	\$	7,746 25 32,426	\$	(5,275) (75) (5,574)
Total revenues		51,121		40,197		(10,924)
EXPENDITURES						
PUBLIC SAFETY						
County Sheriff: Operating costs Total County Sheriff		22,121 22,121		1,328 1,328	_	20,793
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		22,121		1,328		20,793
CORRECTIONS & REHABILITATION						
County Jail: Operating costs Total County Jail		29,000		17,405 17,405		11,595 11,595
TOTAL CORRECTIONS & REHABILITATION		29,000		17,405		11,595
Total Expenditures		51,121		18,733		32,388
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				21,464		21,464
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	 36,635 36,635	\$	21,464 36,635 58,099	\$	21,464 21,464

COUNTY CLERK PRESERVATION & AUTOMATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 Budget	 Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income	\$ 151,000 400	\$ 153,221 2,026	\$_	2,221 1,626
Total revenues	 151,400	 155,247		3,847
EXPENDITURES				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
County Clerk: Operating costs Total County Clerk	 243,720 243,720	 32,208 32,208	_	211,512 211,512
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	243,720	32,208	_	211,512
Total Expenditures	 243,720	 32,208	_	211,512
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (92,320)	 123,039	_	215,359
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ (92,320) 391,097 298,777	\$ 123,039 391,097 514,136	\$	215,359 215,359

COUNTYWIDE RECORDS MANAGEMENT/PRESERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 Budget	 Actual	(Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income	\$ 10,000 1,250	\$ 12,147 119	\$	2,147 (1,131)
Total revenues	 11,250	12,266		1,016
EXPENDITURES				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
County Courthouse: Operating costs Total County Courthouse	 11,250 11,250	 870 870	_	10,380
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	 11,250	 870		10,380
Total Expenditures	 11,250	 870		10,380
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 	 11,396		11,396
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 20,625 20,625	\$ 11,396 20,625 32,021	\$	11,396 11,396

COURTHOUSE SECURITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Budget	 Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income	\$	19,000 200	\$ 20,231 272	\$	1,231 72
Total revenues		19,200	 20,503		1,303
EXPENDITURES					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
County Courthouse: Operating costs Total County Courthouse	_	17,000 17,000	5,654 5,654	_	11,346 11,346
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		17,000	5,654		11,346
Total Expenditures		17,000	 5,654		11,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,200	14,849		12,649
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	2,200 46,728 48,928	\$ 14,849 46,728 61,577	\$	12,649 12,649

JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	1	Budget		Actual	(Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income	\$	8,500 500	\$	8,278 57	\$	(222) (443 <u>)</u>
Total revenues		9,000		8,335		(665)
EXPENDITURES						
JUSTICE SYSTEM						
Justice Court Technology:						
Operating costs Total Justice Court Technology		9,000				9,000
rotal dustice doubt reclinology		3,000				3,000
TOTAL JUSTICE SYSTEM		9,000				9,000
Total Expenditures		9,000				9,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures				8,335		8,335
Net change in fund balances				8,335		8,335
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	8,583 8,583	\$	8,583 16,918	\$	8,335
Fund Dalances - ending	Φ	0,303	Φ	10,918	Φ	0,335

DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MGMT/PRESERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

DEVENUES	<u>E</u>	Budget	 Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	5,600	\$ 10,718	\$	5,118
Investment income		200	 264		64
Total revenues		5,800	 10,982		5,182
EXPENDITURES					
JUSTICE SYSTEM					
District Clerk:					
Personnel Operating costs		1,579 5,800	5,098		(3,519) 5,800
Total District Clerk		7,379	 5,098	_	2,281
TOTAL JUSTICE SYSTEM		7,379	 5,098		2,281
Total Expenditures		7,379	 5,098		2,281
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures		(1,579)	 5,884		7,463
Net change in fund balances		(1,579)	5,884		7,463
Fund balances - beginning		54,124	 54,124		
Fund balances - ending	\$	52,545	\$ 60,008	\$	7,463

COUNTY & DISTRICT COURT TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	E	Budget	 Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services Investment income	\$	7,500 160	\$ 15,428 215	\$	7,928 55
Total revenues		7,660	 15,643		7,983
EXPENDITURES					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
County Clerk: Operating costs Total County Clerk		7,000	 <u></u>	_	7,000
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		7,000	 	_	7,000
JUSTICE SYSTEM					
District Clerk: Operating costs Total District Clerk		4,860 4,860	4,349 4,349	_	511 511
TOTAL JUSTICE SYSTEM		4,860	 4,349	_	511
Total Expenditures		11,860	 4,349		7,511
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,200)	 11,294		15,494
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	(4,200) 43,026 38,826	\$ 11,294 43,026 54,320	\$	15,494 15,494

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes	\$	184,221	\$	287,891	\$	103,670
Investment income				325		325
Total revenues		184,221		288,216		103,995
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal		180,000		180,000		
Interest		4,221		88,405		(84,184)
Total debt service		184,221		268,405		(84,184)
Total Expenditures		184,221		268,405		(84,184)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures				19,811	_	19,811
Net change in fund balances				19,811		19,811
Fund balances - beginning		6,191		6,191		
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,191	\$	26,002	\$	19,811

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for funds held in a trustee or agency capacity for the benefit of others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. The County is only combining agency funds as defined below.

County Clerk Trust Fund -- This fund is used to account for County Court awards for the benefit of minors or others considered by the County Court to be incapable of handling the award individually.

District Clerk Trust Fund -- This fund is used to account for District Court awards for the benefit of minors or others considered by the District Court to be incapable of handling the award individually.

Inmate Trust Fund -- This fund is used to account for money held on behalf of inmates booked into the County jail.

Tax Assessor Collector -- This fund is used as a clearing account for the receipt and disbursement of tax collected by the County Tax Assessor Collector on behalf of other governmental entities.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2016

ACCETO	County Clerk Trust	District Clerk Trust		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$12,14 <u>5</u> _	\$	2,659,324	
Total Assets	\$12,145	\$	2,659,324	
LIABILITIES				
Due to other governments	\$	\$		
Due to others	12,145		2,659,324	
Total Liabilities	12,145	_	2,659,324	
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted				
Total Net Position	\$	\$		

	Inmate Trust Fund	Tax Assessor Collector		Adult Probation Fund			Total Agency Funds
\$ \$	37,669 37,669	\$ \$	219,488 219,488	\$ \$	736,700 736,700	\$ \$	3,665,326 3,665,326
\$	37,669 37,669	\$ 	219,169 319 219,488	\$ 	736,700 736,700	\$ 	955,869 2,709,457 3,665,326
\$		\$		\$		\$	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Balance December 31 2015	Additions	Deductions	ı	Balance December 31 2016
COUNTY CLERK TRUST FUNDS ASSETS	_		Additions	Deductions		2016
Cash & investments		220,848 \$	2,791 \$	211,495	\$	12,144
Total Assets	\$	220,848 \$	2,791 \$	211,495	\$	12,144
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$_	220,848 \$	2,791 \$	211,495	\$	12,144
Total Liabilities	\$_	220,848 \$	2,791 \$	211,495	\$	12,144
DISTRICT CLERK TRUST FUNDS ASSETS						
Cash & investments	\$	3,262,272 \$	94,694 \$	697,642	\$	2,659,324
Total Assets	\$_	3,262,272 \$	94,694 \$	697,642	\$	2,659,324
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$	3,262,272 \$	94,694 \$	697,642	\$	2,659,324
Total Liabilities	\$_	3,262,272 \$	94,694 \$	697,642	\$	2,659,324
INMATE TRUST FUND ASSETS						
Cash & investments	\$	31,103 \$	177,341 \$	170,775	\$	37,669
Total Assets	\$_	31,103 \$	177,341 \$	170,775	\$	37,669
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$_	31,103 \$	177,341 \$	170,775	\$	37,669
Total Liabilities	\$_	31,103 \$	177,341 \$	170,775	\$	37,669
TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR ASSETS						
Cash & investments	\$	191,482 \$	354,993 \$	326,987	\$	219,488
Total Assets	\$_	191,482 \$	354,993 \$	326,987	\$	219,488
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	\$	191,366 \$	437,836 \$	410,033	\$	219,169
Due to others		116	5,621	5,418		319
Total Liabilities	\$_	191,482 \$	443,457 \$	415,451	\$	219,488
ADULT PROBATION ASSETS						
Cash & investments	\$_	672,367 \$	2,808,152 \$	2,743,819	\$	736,700
Total Assets	\$	672,367 \$	2,808,152 \$	2,743,819	\$	736,700
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$_	672,367 \$	3,324,778 \$	3,260,445	\$	736,700
Total Liabilities	\$_	672,367 \$	3,324,778 \$	3,260,445	\$	736,700
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS: ASSETS						
Cash & investments	\$	4,378,072 \$	3,437,971 \$	4,150,718	\$	3,665,325
Total Assets	\$_	4,378,072 \$	3,437,971 \$	4,150,718	\$	3,665,325
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	\$	191,366 \$	437,836 \$	410,033	\$	219,169
Due to others	_	4,186,706	3,605,225	4,345,775		3,446,156
Total Liabilities	\$_	4,378,072 \$	4,043,061 \$	4,755,808	\$	3,665,325

Other Cumplementer Unformation
Other Supplementary Information This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is
required by other entities.



Harry Afadapa & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 2300 Avenue I Bay City, Texas 77414 (979) 245-7361~ www.afadapa.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Commissioners Matagorda County 1700 Seventh Street Bay City, Texas 77414

Members of the To the Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Matagorda County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Matagorda County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Matagorda County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Matagorda County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Matagorda County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Matagorda County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matter that we reported to management and those charged with Goverance of Matagorda County in a separate letter dated June 26, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Harry Afadapa & Associates, PC

Bay City, Texas June 26, 2017

Harry Afadapa & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 2300 Avenue I Bay City, Texas 77414 (979) 245-7361 ~www.afadapa.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Federal and State Uniform Guidance

To the Commissioners Matagorda County 1700 Seventh Street Bay City, Texas 77414

Members of the To the Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Matagorda County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Matagorda County's major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. Matagorda County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Matagorda County's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative* Requirements, Cost Principle and udit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referenced to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Matagorda County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Matagorda County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the Matagorda County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs indentified in the summary of auditor's result section of the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned cost for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Matagorda County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Matagorda County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Matagorda County's internal control over compliance.

Α deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program on a timely basis. A internal control over compliance is material weakness in a deficiency. combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with goverance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Harry Afadapa & Associates, PC

Bay City, Texas June 26, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements					
		Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unmo</u>	odified		
		Internal control over financial reporting:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	X	No
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w			Yes	X_	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	X_	No
	2.	Federal Awards					
		Internal control over major programs:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	X_	No
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w			Yes	X_	None Reported
		Type of auditor's report issued on compl major programs:	iance for	<u>Unmo</u>	<u>odified</u>		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are req in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of (CFR) Part 200?			Yes	X_	No
		Identification of major programs:					
		CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal or	State P	Program or (Cluster	
		97.039 14.228	Hazard Mitigation Gommunity Develop		Block Grant		
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw type A and type B programs:	veen	<u>\$750,</u>	000		
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes		No
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings					
	NO	NE					
C.	Fed	eral Award Findings and Questioned Cos	<u>ts</u>				
	NO	NE					



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Management's Explanatio
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented
2015-001		
Not all payroll samples tested were supported with		
approved payroll change notices and /or were properly		
calculated for overtime in accordance with policies.	Completed	
·	•	
2015-002		
Not all cash reconciliations agreed with the general		
ledger with reconciling errors that have not been cleared	d	
and /or corrected.	Completed	



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Federal or State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through or State	Pass-Through to	Federal or State
Program Title	Number		Subrecipients	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
Direct Programs: Coastal Impact Assistance Program - Tres Palacios Study	15.426	F12AF0082-0001 \$	75,550	\$ 75.550
Coastal Impact Assistance Program - Gulf Pier	15.668	F13AF00061-0001		20,863
Coastal Impact Assistance Program - Palacios Ed Pavilion	15.668	F13AF00080-0001	688,814	688,814
Total Direct Programs			764,364	785,227
Total U. S. Department of the Interior			764,364	785,227
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
-Pass through: Texas-Office of Governor				
SCAAP program	16.605	2015-H1202-TX-AP		2,557
Governor's Criminal Justice Division	16.540		22,879	22,879
Victims of Crime Act Formula grant Forensic Equipment Project	16.575 16.738			6,490 30,212
Total U. S. Department of Justice	10.700		22,879	62,138
·			· · ·	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture	14.000	710000		1 000 000
*Community Development Block Grant - Texas Capital Grant Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture	14.228	713082		1,236,290
Total U. S. Department of Housing & Urban Development				1,236,290
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	**			
Immigration and Custom's Enforcement (ICE)	**			5,995
Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	15TX-EMPG-0528		34,791
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.042	14-SR-48321-01		144,147
Hazard Mitigation	97.039		3,437,035	3,437,035
Hazard Mitigation	97.039	DR-1791-324	1,645,363	1,645,363
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety			5,082,398	5,261,336
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			5,082,398	5,267,331
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed Through Texas Dept of Family & Protective Services:				
Foster Care Title IV-E - Welfare	93.658	23940146		5,006
Foster Care Title IV-E - Legal	93.658	23940147		17,668
Total Passed Through Texas Dept of Family & Protective Services Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services	i			22,674 22,674
rotal o. 3. Department of health and numan Services				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$	5,869,641	\$_7,373,660_
** -Not provided				

Page 2 of 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Federal or State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through or State Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipients	Federal or State Expenditures
STATE AWARDS				
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY Operation Border Star Stonegarden Grant- pass thru Victoria County Total Texas Department of Public Safety	N/A N/A	LBSP-15-00XX 13-GA-48469-2		56,092 28,991 85,083
TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION Indigent Defense	N/A	221-15-161		28,943
TEXAS JUVENILE JUSTICE DIVISION Commitment Reduction Program Commitment Reduction Program Basic Probation Basic Probation Mental Health Mental Health Community Programs Community Programs Pre & Post Adjudicaton Pre & Post Adjudicaton Regional Diversion Alternative Total Texas Juvenile Justice Division	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	TJJD-A-2016-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2016-161 TJJD-A-2016-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-A-2017-161 TJJD-R-2016-161	b a b a b a b a b a b a b b	20,821 9,860 90,234 44,144 11,490 9,871 77,157 31,805 46,219 15,482 4,840 361,923
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS			\$	\$475,949_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

a 8 months 2016 grant year {January thru August}b 4 months 2017 grant year {September thru December}

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Matagorda County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Matagorda County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents Page Financial Trends 89-92 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. Revenue Capacity 93-96 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes. **Debt Capacity** 97-100 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Demographic and Economic Information 101-102 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

103-105

Operating Information

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



MATAGORDA COUNTY
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2007	2008	5009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	↔	\$ 21,151,366 \$ 20,506,971	20,506,971 \$	19,522,703 \$	17,819,411 \$	16,381,686 \$	16,401,437 \$	16,401,437 \$ 15,782,772 \$ 17,259,548	17,259,548 \$	23,077,392 \$	20,110,391
Restricted		;	5,594	5,034	3,978	1,096,131	935,092	816,242	842,358	3,447,500	2,393,253
Unrestricted		10,373,595	10,395,793	9,800,301	8,393,819	6,238,050	5,812,670	5,930,480	5,973,418	2,236,338	2,241,129
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	₩	31,524,961 \$ 30,908,358	30,908,358 \$	29,328,038 \$	26,217,208 \$	23,715,867 \$	23,149,199 \$	22,529,494 \$	24,075,324 \$	28,761,230 \$	24,744,773

MATAGORDA COUNTY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2007	2008	5009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	8	2,374,168 \$	2,303,706 \$	2,800,507 \$	2,916,150 \$	3,238,152 \$	3,573,090 \$	3,564,536 \$	4,030,366 \$	4,414,046 \$	4,594,032
Justice system		2,931,754	2,965,507	3,402,444	3,673,061	3,617,128	3,393,214	3,492,513	3,652,376	4,085,240	4,008,884
Public safety		3,231,579	3,245,747	3,846,603	3,301,813	3,441,085	3,379,800	3,612,977	3,892,339	4,279,120	4,404,045
Corrections and rehabilitation		2,638,771	2,363,299	2,229,983	2,396,883	2,246,252	2,036,930	2,261,328	2,334,817	2,575,842	2,692,576
Health and human services		1.180.040	1.219.112	1.283.782	1.397.815	1.364.578	1.354.286	1.390.657	1.418.957	1.508.231	1.450.050
Community and economic development		1,325,564	1,167,753	1,597,919	2,002,462	2,289,523	1,324,645	5,213,574	1,160,109	1,382,101	1,210,022
Infrastructure and environmental services		6.896.776	5.922.408	6,335,128	7.742.526	6.881.349	5.671.712	6.342.332	5.228,877	6.158.182	8,580,302
Intergovemmental			:	:		290,001	2,604,849	566,199	2,304,056	1,191,733	7,130,930
Interest on Long-Term Debt		66,736	59,224	53,070	46,788	40,020	37,868	30,073	29,542	154,903	124,987
Total governmental activities expenses	₩	20,645,388 \$	19,246,756 \$	21,549,436 \$	23,477,498 \$	23,408,088 \$	23,376,394 \$	26,474,189 \$	24,051,439 \$	25,749,398 \$	34,195,828
Program Revenues											
Governmental Activities:											
Charges for Services:											
General government	↔	1,241,621 \$	1,363,971 \$	1,241,539 \$	1,234,096 \$	1,227,359 \$	1,283,268 \$	1,304,741 \$	1,325,694 \$	1,388,439 \$	1,373,609
Justice system		1,209,619	1,422,866	1,069,513	682,049	897,829	783,258	1,062,915	1,374,752	1,972,518	248,067
Public safety		3,786,690	3,471,050	3,266,384	3,196,198	3,157,683	3,226,989	3,323,250	3,398,955	3,292,142	2,821,947
Corrections and rehabilitation		95,872	90,155	145,540	267,029	128,297	93,515	109,428	140,975	154,935	179,924
Health and human services		50,937	57,506	45,980	70,070	63,717	61,074	63,339	72,083	64,854	72,149
Community and economic development		116,050	124,171	144,380	205.118	196,767	200.410	188,626	180,042	228,692	214.760
Infrastructure and environmental services		71.490	66.402	83.753	387.145	278.522	112.564	129,682	352,573	411.784	392,615
Operating Grants and Contributions		1.796.638	1.661.296	2.500.369	2.383.709	2.214.978	4.251.542	5.511.435	1.322.719	1.225.197	1.065.975
Canital Grants and Contributions		318 103)))))) () () ()) : ! !	!	165.879	2 870 484	8 441 394	7 100 204
Total Commental Activities Description	€	000,000	- 1			- 1		0.00	- 1		10,100,204
l otal Governmnetal Activities Program Revenues	Ð	8,687,020 \$	8,257,417 \$	8,497,458 \$	8,425,414 \$	8,165,152 \$	10,012,620 \$	11,859,295 \$	11,038,277 \$	17,179,955 \$	13,469,250
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	↔	(11,958,368) \$	(10,989,339)	(13,051,978)\$	(15,052,084)\$	(15,242,936)\$	(13,363,774)\$	(14,614,894)\$	(13,013,162)\$	(8,569,443)\$	(20,726,578)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	ition										
Governmental Activities:	•										
Property taxes	↔	9,194,415 \$	9,921,906 \$	11,160,539 \$	11,501,213 \$	12,243,775 \$	12,758,819 \$	13,732,189 \$	14,269,367 \$	15,272,676 \$	16,392,558
Miscellaneous		104,940	70,657	65,041	99,083	267,556	33,357	97,781	107,161	46,471	144,532
Unrestricted investment earnings		793,926	380,173	246,078	340,958	230,264	133,153	165,217	182,468	167,131	173,033
Total Governmental Activities	↔	10,093,281 \$	10,372,736 \$	11,471,658 \$	11,941,254 \$	12,741,595 \$	12,925,329 \$	13,995,187 \$	14,558,996 \$	15,486,278 \$	16,710,123
Change in Net Position											
Governmental Activities	↔	(1,865,087)	(616,603)	(1,580,320)\$	(3,110,830)\$	(2,501,341)\$	(438,445)	(619,707) \$	1,545,834 \$	6,916,835 \$	(4,016,455)
	ı						1				

MATAGORDA COUNTY FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2007	2008	5009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund											
Non-Spendable	8	\$	€	6)	282,669 \$	292,680 \$	387,339 \$	337,048 \$	617,348 \$	937,646 \$	408,330
Committed		;	;	;		931,516	1,027,113	1,224,842	1,654,219	1,788,128	1,436,849
Unassigned		1	:	;	:	6,014,110	6,896,050	8,088,794	7,925,903	7,623,601	9,056,754
Unreserved		7,542,080	7,496,109	7,419,087	6,684,356	1	ŀ	;			
Total General Fund	\	\$ 7,542,080 \$	7,496,109 \$	7,419,087	6,967,025 \$	7,238,306 \$	8,310,502 \$	9,650,684	10,197,470 \$	10,349,375 \$	10,901,933
All Other Governmental Funds											
Restricted	↔	⇔ ¦	↔ ¦	↔ :	⇔	1,103,170 \$	894,586 \$	816,480 \$	829,824 \$	3,432,048 \$	2,395,215
Reserved Papared In:		1	817	4,924	7,505	ŀ	ŀ	1	1		
Special Revenue Funds		968,729	1,066,974	1,072,242	1,092,752	ŀ					
Debt Service Funds		(33,467)	;	1	1	;					
Total All Other Governmental Funds	⇔	935,262 \$	1,067,791	1,077,166 \$	1,100,257	1,103,170 \$	894,586	816,480 \$	829,824 \$	3,432,048	2,395,215

MATAGORDA COUNTY
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Ι'	2007	2008	5009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Taxes	8	9,147,597 \$	9,903,450 \$	11,124,689 \$	11,422,107 \$	12,219,087 \$	12,766,067 \$	13,790,874 \$	13,286,586 \$	14,171,108 \$	16,833,700
Licenses and permits		833,238	842,590	818,549	813,885	792,739	794,878	780,770	805,842	766,767	770,097
Intergovernmental		1,729,944	1,694,349	2,478,021	2,130,808	2,255,663	4,273,126	5,679,217	3,465,873	9,719,811	8,304,186
Charges for services		5,098,908	4,838,363	4,524,898	4,959,784	4,622,755	4,445,502	4,692,877	4,923,019	4,985,894	4,431,355
Fines		340,318	407,980	415,196	358,715	409,390	379,955	359,083	406,122	420,317	429,327
Investment income		840,854	411,266	272,525	368,082	246,270	146,783	170,191	189,396	167,131	173,033
Miscellaneous		557,011	347,093	273,743	523,112	270,267	262,134	323,794	1,150,101	306,915	343,087
Total Revenues		18,547,870	18,445,091	19,907,621	20,576,493	20,816,171	23,068,445	25,796,806	24,226,939	30,537,943	31,284,785
Expenditures											
General administration		2,359,736	2,439,805	2,646,612	2,683,735	2,805,567	3,067,887	3,262,721	3,112,170	3,320,691	4,819,501
Justice		2,803,386	2,740,721	3,155,191	3,389,233	3,295,213	3,070,179	3,138,020	3,239,914	3,626,356	3,540,786
Public safety		2,881,351	2,984,941	3,547,744	2,967,366	3,090,014	2,996,188	3,206,246	3,437,289	3,750,060	3,821,650
Corrections and rehabilitation		2,550,113	2,147,703	2,018,431	2,161,546	2,087,751	1,906,351	2,102,157	2,159,036	2,358,621	2,455,704
Health and human services		1,130,644	1,141,036	1,208,428	1,316,134	1,261,528	1,254,709	1,283,214	1,297,399	1,339,962	1,342,124
Community and economic dev		988,826	1,093,049	1,223,005	1,223,185	1,267,022	1,034,598	991,326	1,025,094	1,193,530	1,074,855
Infrastructure and environmental		4,376,057	4,541,745	5,063,458	5,722,007	5,058,387	4,821,509	8,985,216	5,252,783	5,787,483	5,980,068
Intergovernmental		. 1		. 1	. 1	290,001	2,613,425	566,199	2,304,056	989,112	6,442,116
Capital outlay		3,691,545	1,083,682	927,524	1,358,599	1,388,221	1,059,886	1,145,088	1,662,313	8,807,972	1,569,425
Debt service:							!				
Principal		181,466	125,000	130,000	135,000	145,000	212,555	278,751	303,265	512,668	594,965
Interest		69,221	60,853	54,873	48,659	42,093	39,325	32,758	24,858	36,396	127,864
Debt service costs		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	96,233	:
Total Expenditures	'	21,032,375	18,358,535	19,975,266	21,005,464	20,730,797	22,076,612	24,991,696	23,818,177	31,819,084	31,769,058
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,484,505)	86,556	(67,645)	(428,971)	85,374	991,833	805,110	408,762	(1,281,141)	(484,273)
Other Financing Sources (Heas)											
Issuance premium		;	;	;	;	;			;	60.325	;
Certificates of obligation		:	:	1	:	1			1	2,750,000	1
Capital lease proceeds		;	1	1	1	188,820		456,965	151,371	1,224,946	1
Transfers In		2,794,384	489,115	67,612	53,450	70,053	40,695	33,500	34,500	34,500	34,500
Transfers Out		(2,794,384)	(489,115)	(67,612)	(53,450)	(70,053)	(40,695)	(33,500)	(34,500)	(34,500)	(34,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		:	:	:	:	188,820	:	456,965	151,371	4,035,271	ı
Net Change in Fund Balances	↔	(2,484,505)\$	86,556 \$	(67,645)\$	(428,971)\$	274,194 \$	991,833 \$	1,262,075 \$	560,133 \$	2,754,130 \$	(484,273)
		11									
Debt Service As A Percentage Of Noncapital Expenditures		1.45%	1.08%	0.97%	0.93%	%26.0	1.27%	1.40%	1.60%	2.49%	2.45%

MATAGORDA COUNTY
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	3,363,557,465	3,545,556,529	3,985,932,367	4,139,886,219	4,413,985,193	4,489,894,861	4,563,135,361	4,579,426,235	4,260,545,185	7,801,379,024
Total Direct Tax Rate	0.26829	0.27593	0.27518	0.27498	0.27478	0.28162	0.29878	0.32099	0.35867	0.39568
Total Taxable Assessed Value	3,363,557,465	3,545,556,529	3,985,932,367	4,139,886,219	4,413,985,193	4,489,894,861	4,563,135,361	4,579,426,235	4,260,545,185	7,801,379,024
Tax Exempt Property	(463,734,746)	(461,540,256)	(491,074,920)	(510,369,654)	(552,937,135)	(546,317,547)	(560,957,690)	(559,982,098)	(579,127,165)	(746,127,230)
Assessed Non-real Property	551,077,039	426,262,334	95,029,605	1,116,722,810	1,553,978,640	950,761,254	1,127,092,670	2,791,886,570	1,660,523,790	1,477,166,650
Assessed Real Property	3,276,215,172	3,580,834,451	4,381,977,682	3,533,533,063	3,412,943,688	4,085,451,154	3,997,000,381	2,347,521,763	3,179,148,560	7,070,339,604
Fiscal Year	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16

Source: Matagorda County Appraisal District

MATAGORDA COUNTY
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total	Direct and Overlapping	2.58029	2.39009	2.34118	2.39198	2.43678	2.48862	2.77895	2.60411	2.68789	2.79868
	Debt	0.0860.0	0.16156	0.12700	0.12900	0.11800	0.12700	0.36091	0.15824	0.18821	0.19826
-	Schools Operating	1.28000	1.00790	1.01900	1.03800	1.04700	1.04700	1.04700	1.04247	1.03214	1.04928
	Districts Debt	0.03000	0.03000	0.03000	0.03000	0.03000	0.03000	0.03000	0.02951	0.03626	0.03428
-	Special L Operating	0.07100	0.07100	0.07000	0.06700	0.0690.0	0.07100	0.06706	0.06903	0.07165	0.07754
Overlapping Rates	istricts Debt	0.05800	0.07650	0.07600	0.08700	0.08300	0.08200	0.09308	0.08677	0.08123	0.07551
:	Operating De	0.12700	0.11920	0.11600	0.12300	0.12600	0.13600	0.16723	0.18419	0.18974	0.19185
	ty Debt	0.04300	0.04300	0.03400	0.03000	0.03800	0.03900	0.03875	0.04615	0.04521	0.11047
Ċ	City Operating	0.60500	0.60500	0.59400	0.61300	0.65100	0.67500	0.67614	0.66676	0.68478	0.66581
unty	l otal Direct Rate	0.26829	0.27593	0.27518	0.27498	0.27478	0.28162	0.29878	0.32099	0.35867	0.39568
Matagorda County	Debt	0.00565	0.00615	0.00463	0.00443	0.00423	0.00412	0.00401	0.00404	0.00483	0.00680
2	Operating	0.26264	0.26978	0.27055	0.27055	0.27055	0.27750	0.29477	0.31695	0.35384	0.38888
i	Fiscal Year	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16

Source: County Tax Assessor and Palacios ISD Tax Assessor

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		201	15/2016		200	06/2007	
	_			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
NRG South Texas LP	\$	861,905,520		11.05% \$			
Tres Palacios Gas Storage		267,759,470		3.43%			
Equistar Chemicals LP		134,608,600		1.73%	192,621,510		5.73%
Williams Fld Svcs - Gulf Coast Co.		98,379,030		1.26%	34,553,712		1.03%
Oxea Corporation		84,830,100		1.09%			
Formosa Plastics Corp UGS		56,016,970		0.72%			
Kinder Morgan Texas Pipeline		54,561,630		0.70%			
Celanese LTD Chemical Division		45,470,300		0.58%	73,702,710		2.19%
AEP Texas Central Company		38,576,050		0.49%	29,618,970		0.88%
Kinder Morgan Texas Pipeline		38,389,660		0.49%			
Equister Chemicals LP UGS					39,300,610		1.17%
Texas Genco, LP					905,818,120		26.93%
Midtex Gas Storage Company					30,111,710		0.90%
Flint Hills Resources Inv					46,499,480		1.38%
BP America Production Co.					48,725,960		1.45%
BP America, Inc. UGS					27,142,930		0.81%
Total	\$_	1,680,497,330		21.54% \$	1,428,095,712		42.46%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$_	7,801,379,024		\$_	3,363,557,465		

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor

MATAGORDA COUNTY
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

ns to Date	Percentage of Levy	99.85%	99.85%	99.81%	%92.66	%28.66	%28.66	97.55%	103.57%	92.92%	95.34%
Total Collections to Date	Amount	8,997,149	9,789,569	10,939,829	11,320,351	12,094,318	12,425,229	13,010,257	14,168,070	14,224,421	16,034,255
Collections	In Subsequent Years	1,872	2,852	3,740	5,120	14,225	17,839	(275,340)	553,508	101,717	ŀ
ithin the the Levy	Percentage of Levy	%08'66	99.82%	%22.66	99.71%	99.75%	99.73%	99.61%	99.52%	92.26%	95.34%
Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	8,995,277	9,786,717	10,936,089	11,315,231	12,080,093	12,407,390	13,285,597	13,614,562	14,122,704	16,034,255
	Adjusted Levy	9,013,373	9,804,471	10,961,046	11,347,708	12,109,979	12,441,096	13,337,219	13,680,082	15,307,463	16,818,471
	Adjustments	(26,112)	20,743	(7,915)	(36,339)	(19,898)	(203,446)	(298,130)	(1,021,226)	25,211	(63,863)
Taxes Levied	for the Fiscal Year	9,039,485	9,783,728	10,968,961	11,384,047	12,129,877	12,644,542	13,635,349	14,701,308	15,282,252	16,882,334
	Tax Year/ Fiscal Year	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012	2012/2013	2013/2014	2014/2015	2015/2016

Sources: Matagorda County Tax Assessor

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

	0.0				
	Certificates		Total	Percentage	Per Capita
Fiscal	of	Capital	Governmental	of Personal	Total
Year	Obligation	Leases	Activities	Income (1)	Debt (1)
2007 \$	1,360,000		1,360,000	0.16%	34
2008	1,235,000		1,235,000	0.13%	33
2009	1,105,000		1,105,000	0.12%	30
2010	970,000		970,000	0.09%	26
2011	825,000	188,820	1,013,820	0.09%	27
2012	675,000	126,265	801,265	0.07%	22
2013	520,000	459,478	979,478	0.09%	27
2014	355,000	620,634	975,634	0.08%	27
2015	2,987,310	1,359,864	4,347,174	0.32%	119
2016	2,804,294	944,431	3,748,725	0.25%	100

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the fiancial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and per capita can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics on page 85.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds (1)	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund (2)	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (3)	Per Capita (4)
2007	\$ 1,360,000		\$ 1,360,000	0.05%	\$ 34
2008	1,235,000	817	1,234,183	0.04%	33
2009	1,105,000	4,924	1,100,076	0.03%	30
2010	970,000	7,505	962,495	0.02%	26
2011	825,000	11,363	813,637	0.02%	22
2012	675,000	13,787	661,213	0.01%	18
2013	520,000	18,055	501,945	0.01%	14
2014	355,000	14,657	340,343	0.01%	9
2015	2,987,310	6,191	2,981,119	0.07%	82
2016	2,804,294	26,002	2,778,292	0.07%	76

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ This is the general bonded debt of governmental funds

⁽²⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments

⁽³⁾ Estimated actual value of taxable property can be found on page 77.

⁽⁴⁾ Population data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics on page 85.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Estimated	Estimated Share of Direct and
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Applicable	Debt
Debt Repaid With Property Taxes			
City of Bay City	13,578,417	100.000%	13,578,417
Tidehaven Independent School District	46,340,000	100.000%	46,340,000
Palacios Independent School District	2,455,000	94.076%	2,309,562
Bay City Independent School District	12,293,484	100.000%	12,293,484
Matagorda Independent School District	4,474,999	100.000%	4,474,999
Matagorda County Navigation District #1	1,860,000	100.000%	1,860,000
Caney Creek Municipal Utility District	2,832,000	100.000%	2,832,000
Beach Road Municipal Utility District	375,000	100.000%	375,000
Other Debt			
Bay City Independent School District Capital Lease	3,695,131	100.000%	3,695,131
Bay City Independent School District Notes Payable	556,530	100.000%	556,530
Matagorda Independent School District Capital Lease	62,408	100.000%	62,408
Van Vleck Independent School District Capital Lease	397,461	100.000%	397,461
City of Bay City Notes Payable	51,849	100.000%	51,849
City of Bay City Leases	101,617	100.000%	101,617
City of Palacios Notes Payable	13,494	100.000%	13,494
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			88,941,952
County Direct Debt:			
Capital Lease			944,431
Certificates of Obligation			2,804,294
<u> </u>			3,748,725
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$92,690,677

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by Matagorda County Appraisal District Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

MATAGORDA COUNTY LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Debt Limit Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit Legal Debt Margin		2007 2008 2009 504,533,620 \$ 531,833,479 \$ 597,889,855 1,360,000 1,234,183 1,100,076 503,173,620 530,599,296 596,789,779	2009 5 597,889,855 \$ 1,100,076 6596,789,779	2010 620,982,933 \$ 977,505 620,005,428	Fisc 2011 1,103,496,298 \$ 813,637 1,102,682,661	Fiscal Year 2011 2012 1,103,496,298 \$ 1,122,473,715 \$ 813,637 813,637 661,213 1,102,682,661 1,121,812,502	2013 1,140,783,840 501,945 1,140,281,895	2014 1,144,856,559 \$ 349,747 1,144,506,812	2014 2015 ,144,856,559 \$ 1,062,200,105 \$ 349,747 2,936,191 ,144,506,812 1,059,263,914	2016 1,947,514,460 2,830,296 1,944,684,164
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit As a Percentage of Debt Limit	0.2	0.27% 0.23%	0.18%	0.16%	0.07%	0.06%	0.04%	0:03%	0.28%	

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for the Current Fiscal Year

Assessed Value	\$ 7,801,379,024
Debt Applicable to Limit:	000.11
General Obligation Bonds	2,804,294
Less: Amount Set Aside for Repayment of	
General Obligation Debt	26,002
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	2,830,296
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,947,514,460

Sources: Matagorda County Appraisal District and County annual audit report.

MATAGORDA COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	1 1	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Population		37,122	36,860	37,265	36,978	36,763	36,809	36,547	36,592	36,519	36,770
Personal Income (thousands) \$	↔	926,647 \$	959,353 \$	1,073,586 \$,073,586 \$ 1,124,476 \$ 1,211,531 \$ 1,225,279 \$ 1,231,490 \$ 1,296,291 \$	1,211,531 \$	1,225,279 \$	1,231,490 \$	1,296,291 \$	1,363,043 \$ 1,452,173	1,452,173
Per Capita Income	↔	24,962 \$	26,027 \$	28,809 \$	30,409 \$	32,955 \$	33,287 \$	33,696 \$	35,426 \$	37,324 \$	39,493
School Enrollment		7,685	7,453	7,373	7,182	7,159	960'2	7,009	7,022	7,121	7,264
Unemployment		7.2%	%0.9	7.0%	10.3%	16.4%	9.4%	9.1%	%2'9	7.3%	7.8%

Note: This data represents a one year lag from the fiscal year end as this type of information is never available for the current year under audit.

Sources: Personal income per capita and population provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis; school enrollment provided by Texas Education Agency website to include five independent school districts located within the county. Unemployment provided by Texas LMCI Tracer 2.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2016	2016	2007	2007
		Percentage of		Percentage of
		Total County		Total County
Top Employers	Employment	Employment	Employment	Employment
South Texas Project	1,159	7.48%	1,114	7.18%
Bay City ISD	556	3.59%	646	4.17%
Wal-Mart	158	1.02%	*	
Matagorda Hospital	295	1.91%	307	1.98%
Palacios ISD	218	1.41%	244	1.57%
City of Bay City	151	0.98%	318	2.05%
Matagorda County	226	1.46%	246	1.59%
Lyondell	157	1.01%	195	1.26%
Oxea	165	1.07%	135	0.87%
Van Vleck ISD	155	1.00%	157	1.01%
Tidehaven ISD	128	0.83%	148	0.95%
HEB	108	0.70%	103	0.66%
Tenaris	316	2.04%	**	
Total	3,792	24.49%	3,613	23.30%
Total County Employment		15,485		15,508

Sources:

Each employer

Texas LMCI Tracer - Total County employment for current year

Labor Force - Total County employment nine years ago

^{*} Not avaliable

^{**} Opened 2014

MATAGORDA COUNTY FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General government	33	34	34	34	34	34	34	35	32	31
Justice system	34	37	37	37	37	34	34	34	42	36
Public safety	47	47	47	48	48	49	49	48	45	42
Corrections and rehabilitation	32	34	35	32	32	32	32	32	32	35
Community & economic development	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	7
Health & human services	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	∞
Infrastructure & environmental services	34	34	35	33	37	37	37	39	32	33
Total	197	203	205	204	208	206	206	208	203	192

Source: Human Resources and Auditor Office

MATAGORDA COUNTY
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year	/ear				
!	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/Program										
General Govemment Births filed	322	420	389	404	386	355	474	571	514	545
Deaths filed	290	261	258	273	258	287	281	284	286	293
Marriage license applications	300	261	265	321	327	328	309	276	307	325
Registered voters	20,818	21,725	20,806	21,116	20,543	21,358	20,525	20,978	20,656	21,535
Auto titles	5,934	5,833	5,489	4,513	5,491	5,686	5,731	5,717	5,621	5,561
Justice										
District Court										
Civil cases filed	951	848	764	399	425	386	383	307	337	435
Civil case dispositions	961	994	933	414	330	371	304	322	254	217
Criminal cases filed	540	526	538	718	413	379	488	334	260	360
Criminal case dispositions	514	518	548	879	483	554	553	208	512	260
County Court										
Civil cases filed	63	73	52	64	75	29	74	73	28	63
Civil case dispositions	20	29	30	65	71	61	29	28	88	78
Criminal cases filed	1,371	983	932	896	986	1,001	982	820	729	784
Criminal case dispositions	1,594	1,085	1,073	1,096	4,955	1,112	686	1,013	942	1,017
Justice of the Peace										
Civil cases filed	328	265	408	363	382	374	416	414	418	416
Civil case dispositions	176	244	166	141	181	998	413	368	396	361
Criminal cases filed	5,878	6,591	6,599	5,351	4,955	3,931	3,381	3,452	2,906	3,068
Criminal case dispositions	4,450	4,450	5,153	3,848	4,626	5,500	3,566	2,032	2,412	2,719
Public Safety										
Total calls for service	8,235	7,957	7,851	7,863	7,976	2,605	6,262	6,552	7,287	7,513
Total arrests	775	830	744	920	791	089	800	799	718	727
Corrections and Rehabilitation		1	i I	Î						! !
Number of inmates per year	2,472	1,553	1,582	1,732	1,808	1,391	2,017	2,083	1,866	1,075
Health and Human Services										
Food permits issued	260	242	242	250	249	242	234	238	253	266
Food inspections	443	333	362	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Septic permits issued	134	160	104	123	Ξ	26	109	148	124	136
Building permits issued	368	449	367	375	333	297	330	373	290	281
Electrical permits issued	510	496	210	446	498	210	488	516	100	100
* Information and available	Source: HGAC & TyDet and County Commissioner inventory report	, de 40	h, Ommissis	notroivai Jour	todo					
וווסוווומנוסוו ווטן מעמומטומ		טן מות טטעויי	ty Commons		/ Teporit.					

MATAGORDA COUNTY
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/Program										
General Government County buildings	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Public Safety Sheriff vehicles	43	47	48	55	53	53	46	48	49	49
Fire and ambulance	48	48	48	48	48	48	20	21	51	51
Infrastructure and Env. Svcs County roads (miles)	1 126	1 126	1 1 2 6	1 126	1 126	1 1 26	1 126	1 126	1 126	1 1 2 6
County bridges	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87
Community and Economic Development Number of county parks	0	O	6	O	O	6	6	σ	O	O

^{*} Information not available.

Sources: HGAC & TxDot and County Commissioner inventory report.

